



**SMOKE THE NEWEST CHARCOAL 3 FILTER CIGARETTE**

**LARK**

**LIGHT AROMATIC REALLY SATISFACTORY**

**LARK**

From the U.S.A.

## Soviet recognition of Bangla Dosh expected

NEW DELHI — Bangla Dosh sources here expect Soviet recognition of their country at any moment as a result of a letter from Sheikh Mujib to Soviet Premier Alexei Kosygin.

Sheikh Mujib's letter clears up an "inaccurate statement" made by Pakistan President Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, which is one reason why the Soviet recognition has not been forthcoming so far.

President Bhutto had asked the Soviet Union to hold off recognition of Bangla Dosh, alleging he had an understanding with the Sheikh for a settlement with him that would keep Bangla Dosh linked at least loosely to Pakistan. Sheikh Mujib has vehemently denied this statement.

The Sheikh's letter was handed to the Soviet Ambassador in New Delhi for transmission to Premier Kosygin.

West German recognition of Bangla Dosh is also likely to be announced soon, Bangla Dosh sources here said. Mr. Humayun Rashid Chowdhury, a Bangla Dosh envoy, held talks concerning recognition with West German Foreign Secretary Paul Frank here on Sunday.

West Germany says the presence of Indian troops in Bangla Dosh is a reason its recognition has been delayed. But Mr. Chowdhury told

Mr. Frank these troops are there at the invitation of the Bangla Dosh Government. They are needed because the threat of external aggression still exists, he said, adding there have been reports of Chinese troop movements.

In Teheran, President Bhutto met yesterday with the Shah of Iran in his first visit abroad since the Indo-Pakistan war.

In a 90-minute meeting held at the Royal Pavilion of Mehrabad Airport, Bhutto and the Shah conferred behind closed doors on "matters of mutual interest."

One source said the fate of the Central Treaty Organization, Ceto, to which Pakistan, Iran, Turkey, Britain and the U.S. are members, was among major points discussed by the two Heads of State.

After his conference with the Shah, Bhutto left Teheran for Ankara, where he plans to hold similar talks with Turkish leaders.

Before leaving Karachi, Bhutto's aides announced he will visit Morocco today, and will later confer with the President of Libya. It was also stated officially that he will visit other countries, probably Egypt, Syria, Saudi Arabia and Algeria.

President Bhutto also announced yesterday Pakistan has broken off relations with Yugoslavia after the latter had recognized Bangla Dosh. (AP, ANS, AP)

## Frederik laid to rest

ROSKILDE, Denmark (Reuters). — King Frederik IX, Denmark's monarch for almost 25 years, was laid to rest in the 12th-century cathedral here yesterday, mourned by hundreds of thousands of Danes who endured biting cold to watch the four-hour funeral ceremonies.

The cathedral is the traditional burial place of Danish kings and Frederik shares his last resting place with 20 of his predecessors. His funeral was attended by six reigning sovereigns and four presidents, including Israel's President Shazar, as well as dozens of princes, princesses and cabinet ministers from all over the world. Millions saw the ceremony on television.

The king died in hospital on January 14, aged 72. After lying

in state in Copenhagen for five days, his body was carried in solemn procession through the streets of the capital yesterday, then it was taken by train to Roskilde for the funeral.

Throughout the ceremonies, carefully planned by King Frederik's widow, Queen Ingrid, as a personal tribute to her husband, the royal bier was followed by members of the royal family, Queen Ingrid and her three daughters and sons-in-law, Queen Margrethe and Prince Henrik, Princess Benedikte and Prince Richard of Sayne Wittgenstein, and Queen Anne Marie and King Constantine of Greece.

In Jerusalem, Foreign Minister Abba Eban, took part yesterday in a memorial service for King Frederik held at the Scottish Church of St. Andrew.

## 56 suspects, arms seized during Istanbul sweeps



Turkish troops about to search a house in Istanbul during the curfew there on Sunday in the big operation to find leftist terrorists, among them three who are accused of murdering Israeli Consul-General Ephraim Eilam last May.

ISTANBUL (Reuters). — Troops and police detained 56 people, plus arms, ammunition and seven mine detectors during their massive house-to-house search of Istanbul Sunday, martial law authorities announced yesterday.

The search was carried out by about 85,000 men while a rigid 15-hour curfew forced most of Istanbul's population of 3,000,000 to remain indoors. Security forces were under orders to fire if they met armed resistance.

The authorities said 51 of those detained were still being questioned, but were not under formal arrest. The search was for 203 wanted left-wing extremists. Those detained included three prominent political activists, two of them connected with the left-wing Dev-Genc (Revolutionary Youth) organization in Istanbul seven weeks ago, while on trial for their lives for the kidnapping and murder last May of Israel's Consul-General in Istanbul, Ephraim Eilam.

But the search apparently failed to uncover three prominent members of another left-wing organization, the more extreme "Turkish Peoples Liberation Army," which spearheaded a wave of politically-motivated bombing and kidnapping in Turkey last year. Their activities prompted declaration of martial law in 11 provinces.

The three Liberation Army members escaped from a military prison in Istanbul seven weeks ago, while on trial for their lives for the kidnapping and murder last May of Israel's Consul-General in Istanbul, Ephraim Eilam.

Highest priority in the space program is being given to the 5,500 million dollar space shuttle project for a reusable spacecraft to ferry men and satellites into earth orbit and back. It is due to start operations by 1980.

NASA will also increase its efforts in the field of aeronautics by 50 per cent this year, mainly in the development of quiet jet engines and an experimental short takeoff and landing (STOL) aircraft.

The budget provides no money specifically for a suggested joint space mission by the United States and the Soviet Union to test their ability to link up their spacecraft in orbit, but NASA officials said some money could probably be found for this under other headings if such a mission was agreed.

(See story — Page 3)

## U.S. show in Tbilisi

TBILISI, Georgia (UPI). — The U.S. yesterday presented to the Soviet people an exhibition of space technology, overcoming damage and delivery problems that out down the size of the show.

A cultural exhibit called "Research and Development, U.S.A." featuring everything from Apollo-10 to an electric toothbrush, began an 11-month Soviet tour in this capital of the Georgian Republic.

Western diplomats said this show and a Soviet art exhibition now in Washington illustrated the mutual effort to warm relations in advance of the visit of President Nixon in May.



Soviet poet Yevgeny Yevtushenko, now on a five-week poetry reading tour of the U.S., recites his poems to students at Rider College, Trenton, New Jersey, on Sunday.

## Yevtushenko may switch to prose

TRENTON, New Jersey (AP). — Soviet poet Yevgeny Yevtushenko recited his poems Sunday with an eager, vibrant musical chorus of Rider College students, after disclosing that he may stop writing poetry and turn to prose following this year.

Clearly enthused by the jazzy musical interpretations of his work, as presented by 13 gyrating, swooning and sometimes crooning members of the Biju Sisters, Yevtushenko rehearsed for a poetry extravaganza at Madison Square garden last Friday. There he, the Biju Sisters and a cast of well-known poets, including Stanley Kunitz, former Sen. Eugene McCarthy and James Dickey, will perform.

On the ride to the college Yevtushenko said that his current five-week promotion tour may signal the end of his verse.

"I think I will write poetry like crazy all year, then stop," he said. "I think I want to write prose. And it will require me to change my way of life."

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## U.S. might base warships in Greece

ATHENS (Reuters). — Greek government officials and the American Embassy here refused to comment yesterday on reports that Greece and the U.S. had begun informal discussions on the use of Greek ports as a permanent base for U.S. warships.

The reports, from Washington, said that the two governments were discussing the possibility of setting up permanent facilities for the U.S. Sixth Fleet in Greece. No particular Greek port was mentioned but military and navy experts in Athens commented that the southern coast of Crete would be a more likely site.

They recalled that Vice-President Spiro Agnew, who visited Greece in October last year, spent two days in Crete. He inspected the missile launching site used by NATO member-nations and had discussions with high ranking U.S. officers with the participation of members of the Greek General Defence Staff.

## Bomb explodes in N.Y. Portuguese Airways office

NEW YORK (AP). — Part of a four-piece bomb exploded in the hallway of the building housing the Portuguese Airways ticket office on New York's Fifth Avenue yesterday morning. No one was injured.

Police at the scene said the bomb caused only slight damage in a stairwell on the second floor of the building, which has an airways ticket office on the ground floor, an airways office on the second floor and a Greek tourist office on the third floor.

Police said two other parts of the bomb were partially ignited.

## Air Force

(Continued from Page one)

In the number of incidents reported since the beginning of this month. These include the decapitation of a young civilian employee of the Defense Ministry on January 6. Other attacks from Syrian territory were also primarily directed against civilians and civilian-owned property on the Golan Heights.

The total of 14 attacks culminated in an abortive attempt to lay a roadside bazooka ambush on the Golan Heights during Sunday night.

Three infiltrators were killed in this attempt and their bodies as well as their primed and loaded bazookas were discovered with daylight yesterday.

Military circles yesterday pointed out that the terrorists in Syria — notably the Damascus-sponsored e-Saika gangs — had always been kept under official control by the Syrian military administration.

LIBANESE BORDER

Israel's border with Syria has remained quiet ever since the Israeli raids over a week ago. Bugged down by snow, soggy ground and freezing temperatures, the Syrian Army would be particularly handicapped in any ground action at this time of the year.

Since September 1971, terrorist activity has been on the rise from Syrian territory, and last October they caused the deaths of two Israeli soldiers and the wounding of two others when their vehicle hit a mine laid by infiltrators from Syria. Terrorist activity intensified this month.

Besides the decapitation of Yosef Gruber on January 6, there were 13 terrorist acts from Syrian territory as follows: a Katyusha attack on January 19, six instances of firing from light arms, two instances of mortar shelling, three instances of shooting by other kinds of shells plus the latest incident when three terrorists were killed. The outposts of Merom Hagolan and Nahal Golan served as targets for these attacks, apart from assaults on Israeli Army units.

## Ulster snipers battle British, oil firm bombed

BELFAST, Northern Ireland (UPI). — British troops battled snipers and rounded up at least 25 suspects in Roman Catholic strongholds of Belfast yesterday. Gunmen bombed an American oil company office.

Army spokesmen said troops exchanged fire with snipers who fired between 8 and 12 rounds at them following a commando-style raid on another Catholic stronghold in the capital.

The spokesmen said troops with blackened faces detained at least 25 suspects in a sweep through an apartment complex in the district but later released all but two men.

In the dock area of Belfast two men armed with a pistol and sub-machine gun bombed the Mobil Oil Co. police said. There were no casualties.

In Londonderry, a bomb planted by two gunmen in a pub exploded after customers and employees evacuated the building. Police said the explosion and fire that followed badly damaged the pub. There were no casualties, police said.

In Dublin, seven suspected members of the Irish Republican Army (IRA), which claims responsibility for most of the escalating violence in Northern Ireland, they said the hawkmaw was smuggled on board the ship in Belfast Harbour.

The men recounted their escape to a news conference organized by the IRA, which claims responsibility for most of the escalating violence in Northern Ireland. They said the hawkmaw was smuggled on board the ship in Belfast Harbour.

They said they used shoe polish to blacken their faces, smeared butter on their bodies to protect them from the icy water, slid down the ship's anchor rope and swam 150 yards to shore wearing only underpants.

## U.K. coal strike enters third week

LONDON (AP). — Britain's striking coal miners entered the third week of their national work stoppage yesterday with coal stocks running down and little hope in sight for a quick end to the dispute. Mainly affected were power stations and factories which rely on regular supplies of coal.

The miners have demanded an 11 per cent pay hike from the National Coal Board, and have rejected the Board's offer of 7.9 per cent.

One girl undergraduate, who declined to be named, said "Class was just ended in the building when students were standing around chatting when policemen came in and asked them to move."

TAKIS. — A special five-man team is investigating allegations that many government drivers in Zamboanga are using official cars as taxis in their off-duty hours.

To the distinguished Professor ADLER, Dr. FELEG, Dr. LEINER, and the staff of eminent assistants at the Rambam Hospital, Haifa: My warmest and deepest thanks for the devoted and unforgettable treatment you gave me for a whole month. You saved my life.

NISSIM TOLEDANO and family

KEREN KATHEMET LEISRAEL (JEWISH NATIONAL FUND) The dedication ceremony of the

DR. SAMUEL AND ROSE MARGOSHES WOOD

New York, N.Y., U.S.A.

will take place at the John F. Kennedy Peace Forest

Thursday, January 27, 1972, at 2:00 p.m.

TRANSPORTATION: JERUSALEM 1:30 p.m. from Binyamin Ha'oma and also at the same time from the R.E.L. Office, U.S.A. Department, corner Rehov Hamelech George and Rehov T.S.L.

Those wishing to participate in the ceremony should kindly contact the above office, Tel. 02-52221 not later than Wednesday, January 26, 1972.

Society for the Protection of Nature in Israel

4 Rehov Hashfela, Tel Aviv

Nature Preservation Week

Jan. 28. — Feb. 5, 1972

On Saturday, Jan. 29, 1972, guides from the Society for the Protection of Nature in Israel will be available to take the public on walking tours, free, as part of Nature Preservation Week, on the following routes:

AREA	ROUTE	MEETING PLACE	TIME
Golan	Tour of Banias Preserve	Givat Habanias Parking Lot	10:00
Golan	Tour of Jordan River, Almagor	Monument at entrance to Moshav Almagor	10:00
Gali Elyon	Tour to Nahal Amud Elyon, Ein Zeitim, Nahal Shichai, Brechei Shichai, Nahal Hatabanot, Nahal Miron	Miron "Delek" station at Miron crossroads	10:00
Gali Ma'aravi	Hanita Lookout, Tel Adar Preserve	Hanita Guest House entrance	10:00
Carmel	Nahal Hama'arot	Nahal Hama'arot Parking Lot	11:00
Gali Ma'aravi	Rosh Hanikra Preserve	Entrance to Yad Leyad Hostel	10:00
Ma'agan Michael	Nahal Hainimim Preserve	South bridge over Parking Lot	a) 08:00 b) 10:00 c) 11:00 d) 12:00
Judean Hills and plains	Caves in Beit Govrin	Next to entrance sign	a) 08:00 b) 11:00
Ein Gedi	Nahal Arugot	Parking Lot at Nahal entrance	08:00
Ein Gedi	Tour of Nahal Ein Gedi	Youth Hostel Parking Lot	10:00
Haasharon	Tour of Nahal Poleg	Entrance to Nahal Poleg Preserve, opposite Wingate Institute	a) 08:00 b) 10:00 c) 11:00 d) 12:00

cut out and mail To the Society for the Protection of Nature in Israel, 4 Rehov Hashfela, Tel Aviv

Please send me your membership card.

Membership fee for one year:

Family card IL12 • Single person IL10 • Holder of student ID

Family name:

Given name:

Full address:

Tel. home:

Tel. at work:

Enclosed cheque for IL:

Date:

Signature:

## Heart transplant — by Dr. Barnard's younger brother

CAPE TOWN (Reuters). — South Africa's latest heart transplant patient, 41-year-old Mr. John Montgomery, was progressing favourably yesterday, according to a Grootes Schuur Hospital bulletin.

The condition of Sunday night's heart transplant patient is very good. He is conscious and co-operating, the bulletin said. Mr. Montgomery received the heart of a 21-year-old male, Dr. Barnard's younger brother, Dr. Christian Barnard, who is on a cruise to South America.

It was the Grootes Schuur heart team's ninth heart transplant and the first without Professor Barnard, who is on a cruise to South America. Mr. Montgomery, a father of five and a former mineworker, had suffered four heart attacks since June 1967, and had been unable to work since October last year. Mr. Smes died at Grootes Schuur hospital late on Saturday after being assaulted near his Cape Town home, a spokesman for his family told newsmen.

## U.S. space projects dropped

HOUSTON, Texas (Reuters). — The U.S. Space Agency yesterday abandoned its plan for a "grand tour" of the outer planets and scrapped a project to build a big nuclear rocket which might one day have flown men to Mars.

But the two remaining Apollo moonlanding missions, earlier reported threatened, will be flown as planned this year under a \$3.79n. space budget for the 1973 financial year.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) budget laid before Congress was some \$92m. higher than last year's, but NASA administrator Dr. James Fletcher said the agency planned to maintain its budget around this level over the next several years, avoiding the dramatic peaks in spending associated with the Apollo programme.

The "grand tour" comprised a series of missions to the outer planets, beginning in 1976, by unmanned spacecraft which would take

# Record Nixon budget asks more arms funds

WASHINGTON. — President Nixon gave Congress a record \$246,000m. budget for the 1973-4 financial year with increased arms spending and a massive deficit, estimated at \$85,500m. He described his budget yesterday as the strong medicine that was needed to produce more jobs and stimulate the U.S. economy.

The federal budget for the 1973-4 financial year beginning on July 1, estimated tax receipts at \$230,500m. leaving a deficit of \$85,500m. The budget, predicted a huge \$85,500m. deficit for the current financial year, and a total deficit of \$89,500m. during the first three years of Mr. Nixon's presidency.

This is the largest deficit of any single four-year presidential term, except for one term served by President Roosevelt during World War II.

Mr. Nixon justified the deficits as essential for stimulating the economy, attacking unemployment, and pressing the fight against inflation. He acknowledged the political risks of deficit financing by saying that it was "strong but necessary medicine... we will stop taking the medicine well before we become addicted to it."

National defence spending by the Pentagon and the Atomic Energy Commission, including overseas military aid and nuclear weapons development, was estimated at \$78,510m. in the new financial year, a relatively modest increase of \$280m. and a smaller part than usually taken by defence from the over-all federal budget.

The President asked Congress to give him the authority to enter into national defence commitments totalling \$85,363m. — \$7,063m. more than actual spending, to finance moves to counter a Soviet drive to overtake U.S. seapower.

**Defence spending**  
An increase in defence spending in the current year was spelled by an announcement from the Pentagon that Defence Secretary Melvin Laird will go to Congress today for a supplemental appropriation of \$254,800,000.

The supplemental budget includes \$113,800,000 for four Boeing 747 Jumbo jets which will be used as an airborne strategic command post by the President, and military chiefs. The remainder will go on research and development of equipment for the flying command headquarters, speeding up work on the submarine-launched missile programme and other urgent projects, including ocean surveillance and electronic nuclear protection devices.

A Pentagon spokesman said the U.S. needed to ensure the "responsiveness and survivability" of its airborne control post, because of the momentum of Soviet strategic weapons build-up and the geographic deployment of its nuclear submarine fleet.

Mr. Nixon stressed that defence spending, although rising in the new financial year, would take only 32 per cent of the total federal budget, compared to 45 per cent allocated to human resources.

It was the first time in history that defence spending was smaller

## Unprecedented deficit planned to stimulate the U.S. economy

than the human resources budget, he said, and it precisely reversed the percentages taken by these programmes in 1968, the last full year of Lyndon Johnson's presidency.

The 1973-74 budget contained no proposals for new taxes and showed a hypothetical "full employment surplus" of \$700m. This is the surplus from estimated revenues that the economy would produce with an unemployment rate of four per cent, compared to the present rate of 8.1 per cent.

Most of the increase in spending will be focused on human resources which cover education and manpower, health, income security, notably pensions and proposals to share federal revenues with financially hard-pressed states and cities — and benefits for ex-servicemen.

These outlays are projected to rise to \$110,800m. compared to \$103,510m. in the current year. There will be a sharp cut-back in funds for developing natural resources and improving the environment, from \$4,378m. in the current financial year to \$2,450m. in 1973-74.

Space research and technology spending, which suffered deep cuts this year, will remain virtually unchanged at \$3,131m.

The President gave no estimate of the cost of the fighting in Vietnam, but he said the U.S. disengagement involving a reduction of the American troop ceiling from 449,000 men in 1969 to 69,000 by May 1 1972 had helped him divert more money into domestic reforms, despite the rising cost of defence.

The new military expenses sought by the President includes \$2,000m. for the navy to start work on a new \$1,000m. aircraft carrier and to develop more submarines carrying more effective missiles to counter Russia's growing nuclear strength at sea.

**Foreign aid**  
Mr. Nixon put no overall price tag on his foreign aid programme, but he asked for a variety of economic and humanitarian aid measures to developing countries that would cost \$2,400m. next year.

Estimated spending on these programmes in the current financial year is about \$2,700m.

In trimming foreign aid, Mr. Nixon apparently was influenced by domestic priorities and the present Congress disapproval with foreign aid.

Mr. Nixon, in his message, saw foreign aid as a key element in his foreign policy designed to bring a generation of peace.

He seemed to anticipate criticism from abroad that the aid programme was too small when he

said, "The 1973 budget for international programmes reflects both the requirements for foreign assistance programmes in the 70s and the need to measure these programmes against other national priorities."

President Nixon called for a modest \$300m. increase for financing law enforcement, rehabilitation and the courts.

Stating that only local and state police can create an America free of crime, Nixon proposed spending \$2.3 billion.

"Any successful strategy to combat crime must recognize that state and local governments are responsible for most law enforcement in the U.S.," Nixon said.

**Law enforcement**  
To help local agencies, Nixon budgeted \$596m. for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, a \$170m. increase over 1972.

As usual, the Justice Department received the bulk of the proposed crime-fighting funds, about \$1,500m.

The President said his financial and economic policies had brought the U.S. strongly forward towards a goal of a balanced budget in a time of full employment.

Mr. Nixon said a significant proportion of the deficit was accounted for by a big cut in taxes last year. Americans were now paying \$22,000m. less personal income tax than they did when he came into the White House three years ago, Mr. Nixon pointed out.

He said that the tax cuts were designed to reduce the impact of the federal government on the lives of Americans and "to return power to people" in their own localities. (Reuters, AP)

**Vietcong seeks to build the 'modern guerrilla'**  
By RICHARD PYLE  
SAIGON (AP). — After years of suffering severe casualties and being hunted down by North Vietnamese regulars, the Vietcong fighters are trying to make a comeback as a new kind of "super guerrilla."

No longer the black pyjama-clad peasant soldier with a homemade wooden shotgun in one hand and a Communist propaganda tract in the other, the new Vietcong requires modern weapons, skilled knowledge in their use, and sophisticated communications gear.

He also is no longer so much the "fish in the sea" living among the rural populace and depending solely on it for supply, information and political support. Now he must maintain his own supply and communication lines, and often dare not trust the villagers.

These views of the Vietcong soldier emerging anew from the jungle shadows of South Vietnam are offered by Douglas Pike, author of two books and several other publications on the Communist insurgency and regarded widely as the leading American authority on Vietcong strategy and methods. Mr. Pike, an analyst employed by the U.S. Information Agency and now based in Taiwan, said his findings stem from continuing study of Communist documents, interviews with former Vietcong and a just-com-



SAIGON

pleted fact-finding tour of South Vietnam.

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Thus, Pike believes, although the "grand strategy of the nine men running Hanoi" apparently has not varied, there have been other changes and one of the most important is the new-type guerrilla.

Documents and other evidence show that in the past year the Communists have embarked on an intensive programme of rearming, retraining and regrouping for a different kind of war. They definitely have in mind the creation of a new kind of guerrilla, one who can apply modern technology to carrying out his mission," Pike said.

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# Reconciliation

After 20 years of antagonism, French Africa's "Big Two" have met and ceremonially buried the hatchet. In this article FWP correspondent Russell Warren shows reports from Abidjan on the "historic encounter" between Ivorian leader Felix Houphouët-Boigny and Senegalese President Leopold Senghor.



BOUYOUBO

bouring Guinea and continuing problems with the press.

His meeting with Ufwe in December in Abidjan was originally planned to take place in Dakar, in 1962. But Ufwe then cancelled his trip in the last moment and the feud became tighter. The Ivorian spent November putting some of his old anti-Senghor propaganda into reverse. In 1969, he rejected Senghor's bid for "dialogue" with South Africa: Senghor returned the compliment in April last year, when Ufwe proposed negotiations with Pretoria. As recently as last October, Ufwe refused to see two South African white moderates, Roger Eglitz and Helen Suzman, apparently because they decided to go to Dakar first.

But in November, Ufwe's party daily, "Fraternité-Matin," was instructed to publish praise of the Senghorian philosophy of negritude and to bury the past. In Dakar, Senghor's grio (praise-singer), Bamba Diouf, was asked to produce a eulogy about Ufwe and Ivorian-Senegalese friendship in "Le Soleil." The stage was set for the historic encounter.

Prime mover in the reconciliation was a most certainly Senghor: although petulant with criticism or

contradiction, he believes strongly in overt compromise and "dialogue." Both men rule their peoples rather distantly, but differently — Senghor like an old-fashioned headmaster, Houphouët-Boigny like a paramount chief.

**Problems with press**  
Both presidents face nationwide student discontent and have closed their main campuses twice in the past year. Senghor tended to be tougher with his students at first, but has made more concessions to their demands for a more Africa-oriented curriculum. Ufwe has been tougher with young left-wing French teachers, seen as partisans of revolution in Black Africa. Both patriarchs are strongly influenced by France's security boss in Africa, Jacques Foccart, who has branched the spectra of how French students "overthrew De Gaulle."

Both men suffer from having no public relations systems. Ufwe launched his "dialogue with Pretoria" initiative by virtually bribing French journalists to write about it — offering a free trip from Paris and a week at the luxurious Ivoire Hotel. He was offended when American correspondents rejected the invitation as unethical.

Senghor has had rather more problems with the press: he reacted to a crisis early this year with students, peasants and the dominant Murid Moslem sect by banning two French reporters, closing Dakar's only American newspaper bureau and forbidding the sale of "Jeune Afrique," French Africa's main weekly. Just before taking off for Cairo and Jerusalem, he graciously lifted the ban on "Jeune Afrique" — which responded with a cover cartoon showing an Arab and a Jew as glove puppets controlled by Moslems and Washington, while between them a Senghor with extended tongue throws a fit of dementia.

The greatest foreign problem shared by the two is their mutual neighbour, President Sekou Toure of Guinea. Wags say the Ufwe-Senghor hatchet was easier to bury because Toure's back was handy. Toure's hostility to regional co-operation with "bourgeois" states — and Arab-oriented Mauritania's lack of enthusiasm for links with Black Africa — led in November to Senghor withdrawing from the Senegal River States Organization, thus virtually killing the four-state institution.

Both Ufwe and Senghor have ruled their countries for 11 years since independence, and have dominated them for nearly a quarter-century. Both men have been reluctant to see their charisma fade. Both are turning away from the tedium of domestic political irritations and seeking international fame.

Senghor, who said in 1969 that he would seek a "poetic and academic" retirement in 1977, has now said privately that he plans to stay on until 1983 — by which time he will be 77. In 1969, he noted that "my old friends Bourguiba and (Malagasy President) Filibert Tsiranana have worn themselves out in the job, but I shall gradually withdraw from affairs." Instead, like the two ailing presidents he mentioned, he has clung to power.

Senghor was able to offer Ufwe cautious support for his South African initiative. Sources here say this initiative was motivated by the Ivorian leader's late-blooming religious conscience, by Ivory Coast's desire for South African investment, but mostly by the glitter of the Nobel Prize, which Ufwe apparently sees as distinguishing presidential holders from their peers, giving them a particular niche in history.

## Vietcong seeks to build the 'modern guerrilla'

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In meeting these requirements, Pike said, evidence — including

training manuals and lesson plans — indicate the Vietcong have established a programme that "makes it sound like the entire area where they're located is one big school."

At the same time, recruiting policy is putting less emphasis on numbers and more on quality, with qualifying standards including the ability to read and write, a least a fifth or sixth year of schooling, personal letters of reference, and youth.

"What the Vietcong want now are people who aren't just Red, but Red and expert — people who believe in the Socialist cause and have potential competence," Pike said. "From reading the documentary evidence you get the idea that the second is more important than the first."

As far as the Communist guerrillas' relationships with the people concerned, he said, "There appears to have been a deliberate pullback, and while they have been busy with other things the structure has gone to hell."

Domination of the Vietcong by the North Vietnamese in the last few years, Pike said, has caused the Vietcong to "lose status" among

the people of the South. "Now the North is faced with the problem of trying to build them up again, to say that the Vietcong really are important. Some estimates have been that 80 per cent of the fighting day-to-day was being done by the North Vietnamese. Now they are trying to alter this balance."

From the local populace, Pike believed, the Vietcong guerrillas have been able to maintain their own lines of supply. Some sort of "early warning system" to avoid trouble also is helpful, he added, but the fear of betrayal is always there.

"They'll work to win the people's allegiance but that is most a question of telling the people to keep their mouths shut. Control by the Vietcong has never been a totally voluntary matter."

## U.S. jets in five new encounters

SAIGON (UPI). — American aircraft duelled with missiles and anti-aircraft gunfire from North Vietnam in five fresh encounters. (The U.S. command yesterday reported this as the highest number of such incidents since the 1968 bombing halt.)

Navy and Air Force planes in three cases attacked the missile and gun emplacements under the rules of "protective reaction," bringing to 15 the number of reaction strikes. This was more than twice the number of such strikes made in all of January 1971, when seven were recorded.

All of the American planes returned safely to their land and carrier bases, spokesmen said, and the results of their counter-attacks with bombs and missiles were not disclosed.

U.S. B52 bombers flew raids in South Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos overnight after a one-day let-up in their attacks. The command said

all missions in Vietnam were against suspected Vietcong and North Vietnamese troop locations and storage areas near where the boundaries of the three states meet in the Central Highlands.

Allied intelligence reports Communist forces were building up in the region for a possible offensive next month timed for the Tet lunar new year beginning February 15, and President Nixon's visit to Peking a week later.

In yet another incident involving American aircraft, the command reported an Army OH6 observation helicopter shot down in the Mekong Delta, pushing the number lost to Communist fire in the last eight days to seven.

In Laos, North Vietnamese and Pathet Lao forces extended their control of the main north-south highway in the north central part of the country and cut off the royal capital, Luang Prabang, from Vientiane, the seat of government. U.S. officials began a big airlift of rice to the town, 210 kms. northwest of Vientiane, which normally gets its supplies by truck. (UPI, AP)

## Move to legalize marijuana may be on ballot

SAN FRANCISCO (Reuters). — California voters may be the first in the U.S. to decide whether or not to legalize the cultivation and smoking of marijuana.

A group of prominent San Francisco lawyers, including a former director of the State Bar Association, will submit for public referendum a law for the legalization of marijuana.

Once the Attorney General is satisfied with its wording — he cannot object to the substance of the proposed law, only to the way it is worded — the sponsors will set about obtaining the 350,000 signatures needed to place it on the ballot in November.

The campaign will stress the "decriminalization" of marijuana. The sponsors, who have formed an organization called California Marijuana Initiative (CMI), say that legal costs of marijuana prosecutions now cost the state \$80m. a year.

They also say legalization of marijuana will mean that users of the drug — generally agreed to be non-addictive — will not have to deal with illegal drug merchants, who often encourage users to move on to hard drugs, such as heroin.

Even if the drug is legalized in California, there are still Federal laws against its use. The resultant conflict-of-laws situation would be "an awful legal mess," one state official says.



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G.T. JUNIOR 1900 2 Doors	103 bhp	IL31,980.-
JULIA 1600 Super 4 Doors	116 bhp	IL31,550.-
BERLINA 1750 4 Doors	132 bhp	IL34,980.-
G.T.V. 1750 2 Doors	132 bhp	IL36,880.-
BERLINA 2000 4 Doors	150 bhp	IL39,980.-
G.T.V. 2000 2 Doors	150 bhp	IL42,400.-

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# Three Subsidiaries of **BANK LEUMI** present their Balance Sheets

## LE-ISRAEL B.M.

### BANK LEUMI INVESTMENT COMPANY LTD.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 1971

	IL	31.12.70 IL
<b>CAPITAL, RESERVES AND SURPLUSES</b>		
Share Capital paid up	17,248,000	17,248,000
Reserve for proposed distribution of bonus shares	1,725,000	—
Capital Reserve (including premium on shares IL4,261,000; 1970 — IL5,986,000)	6,156,000	8,583,000
General Reserve	4,850,000	3,850,000
Unappropriated balance of profit	468,000	327,000
	<u>32,447,000</u>	<u>30,008,000</u>
<b>CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES</b>	2,700,000	3,000,000
<b>OTHER DEBENTURES</b>	502,144,000	309,111,000
<b>DEPOSITS FOR THE GRANTING OF LOANS</b>	133,224,000	126,459,000
<b>OTHER ACCOUNTS</b>	9,107,000	5,534,000
	<u>679,622,000</u>	<u>474,112,000</u>

	IL	31.12.70 IL
<b>INVESTMENTS</b>		
Securities	28,166,000	29,846,000
Loans	232,629,000	237,544,000
Deposits with the Israel Treasury	350,847,000	186,455,000
	<u>611,642,000</u>	<u>453,845,000</u>
<b>OFFICE PREMISES IN JOINTLY OWNED BUILDING</b>	—	—
<b>OTHER ACCOUNTS</b>	14,340,000	17,850,000
<b>DEFERRED EXPENSES</b> (in connection with issue of debentures)	3,640,000	8,538,000
	<u>679,622,000</u>	<u>474,112,000</u>

E. I. JAPHET Chairman  
N. VERLINSKY Member of the Board  
I. ELLMAN Manager

### OTSAR LA'TAASIYA LIMITED

STATEMENT OF POSITION AS AT 31st DECEMBER 1971

	IL	31.12.70 IL
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>		
Paid up capital	6,100,000	6,100,000
Reserves and unappropriated profits	6,448,000	7,217,000
	<u>12,548,000</u>	<u>13,317,000</u>
<b>DEBENTURES*</b>	294,633,000	136,111,000
<b>DEPOSITS OF THE TREASURY OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL</b>	20,098,000	22,345,000
<b>THE TREASURY OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL</b> for loans to purchase equipment out of reparation funds, see contra	943,000	1,410,000
<b>OTHER DEPOSITS</b>	4,373,000	3,769,000
<b>OTHER ACCOUNTS</b>	5,339,000	4,009,000
<b>GUARANTEES GRANTED</b>	1,826,000	1,755,000
	<u>331,760,000</u>	<u>235,746,000</u>

\* Appears in the Balance Sheet at n.v. of ILL—

	IL	31.12.70 IL
<b>LONG-TERM LOANS</b>	104,887,000	76,124,000
<b>LOANS FOR THE PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT FROM REPARATION FUNDS, see contra</b>	943,000	1,410,000
	<u>105,830,000</u>	<u>77,534,000</u>
<b>DEPOSITS WITH THE TREASURY OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL</b>	204,938,000	140,081,000
<b>AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE IN CONNECTION WITH LINKAGE INCREMENTS ON LIABILITIES</b>	13,088,000	3,430,000
<b>INVESTMENTS</b>	2,420,000	2,119,000
<b>PREMISES IN A JOINTLY-OWNED BUILDING*</b>	—	—
<b>OTHER ACCOUNTS</b>	1,376,000	6,446,000
<b>EXPENSES TO BE WRITTEN OFF</b>	2,282,000	1,381,000
<b>CUSTOMERS' LIABILITIES FOR GUARANTEES</b>	1,826,000	1,755,000
	<u>331,760,000</u>	<u>235,746,000</u>

E. I. JAPHET Chairman  
Y. MACHI Director  
G. LEV Manager

### YAAD AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT BANK LIMITED

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITIONS AS AT 31st DECEMBER 1971

	IL	31.12.70 IL
<b>CAPITAL AND SURPLUS</b>		
Share capital—issued and paid	6,527,000	6,527,000
General reserve	4,500,000	2,500,000
Unappropriated balance of profit	30,000	46,000
	<u>11,057,000</u>	<u>9,073,000</u>
<b>DEBENTURES AND DEPOSITS</b>		
Debentures	350,779,000	287,798,000
Deposits for the granting of loans		
From the Government	128,033,000	112,159,000
From banking institutions and others	15,697,000	4,787,000
Deposits from a banking institution—parent company	1,419,000	3,114,000
	<u>495,928,000</u>	<u>377,758,000</u>
<b>OTHER DEPOSITS AND A SHORT TERM LOAN</b>		
Time deposits	50,000	775,000
Demand deposits	—	2,061,000
Loans from a banking institution—parent company	1,387,000	1,417,000
	<u>1,417,000</u>	<u>4,253,000</u>
<b>OTHER ACCOUNTS</b> (31st December 1970—including inner reserve)	6,542,000	6,140,000
<b>LIABILITIES ON ACCOUNT OF CUSTOMERS</b> (contra accounts)	63,000	60,000
Guarantees	<u>515,007,000</u>	<u>397,584,000</u>

	IL	31.12.70 IL
<b>LOANS AND DEPOSITS</b>		
Medium and long term loans	159,307,000	119,303,000
Deposits with the Israel Treasury	343,401,000	251,619,000
Deposit with a banking institution—parent company	—	9,330,000
	<u>502,708,000</u>	<u>380,252,000</u>
<b>OBLIGATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL</b>	632,000	530,000
<b>FIXED ASSETS—bank premises</b>	275,000	400,000
<b>SHORT TERM LOANS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS</b>		
Short term loans	6,896,000	10,056,000
Sundry debtors and debt balances	4,355,000	3,464,000
Cash in hand (31st December 1970—especially balances with Bank of Israel)	3,000	1,638,000
	<u>10,954,000</u>	<u>15,158,000</u>
<b>DEFERRED EXPENSES</b>	375,000	—
<b>LIABILITIES OF CUSTOMERS</b> (contra accounts) for guarantees	63,000	60,000
	<u>515,007,000</u>	<u>397,584,000</u>

Dr. E. LEHMANN Chairman  
E. I. JAPHET Member of the Board  
A. GREEN Joint General Managers  
G. KADDAR

הכא מן הכלל

## Connery returns as bulkier Bond

Diamonds are Forever (Ophir, Tel Aviv), the latest James Bond film, has Sean Connery back in his classic portrayal of Agent 007. Meanwhile, he seems to have put on weight, but is as dashing and well dressed as ever.

This time, the instructive Bond to put and end to the diamond-smuggling operations of a gang from Las Vegas, headed by that villainous character, Ernst Stavros Blofeld (Charles Gray). Blofeld's plans go far beyond diamond pinching; he wants to hold the whole world up to ransom. Bond manages to escape horrible deaths at every turn, including escape from a sealed casket in a crematorium. There's a marvellous car chase through Las Vegas and, although Bond has not much time for amorous interludes, what there is mostly supplied by pretty Jill St. John. Wilder than ever and really a lot of fun.



and glorying in the headlines about himself. When interest in the news fades, he must himself commit a murder of the same type as the suicide to revive interest. Chance hands him a ready victim.

Tristram gives up a good, restrained performance and one finds oneself believing the mad obsession that takes hold of an apparently mild man. But Nadine Tristram's handling of the events occurring around the central character is on the passive side until the dramatic finish.

### Dramatic finish

Le Voleur de Crimes (Ben Yehuda, Tel Aviv) is a study of an unusual murderer, a man who kills out of desire for notoriety and through boredom with his life as a non-entity.

Wandering through the countryside, Jean (Jean-Louis Trintignant) sees the suicide of a young woman who ties herself to the seat of her car, sets the engine running and allows herself to be driven over a cliff. Jean cannot rid his mind of what he has seen. When he returns to Paris, he leaves his wife and children and takes a room in the flat of a painter (Robert Hossein), telling the painter and the painter's girl friend (Florinda Bolkan) that he is a writer. The newspapers report the suicide as murder. Jean writes anonymous letters to the papers, claiming to be the murderer

### Less action

Someone Behind the Door (Alienby, Tel Aviv), Dr. Jeffries (Anthony Perkins) is a neurologist who suspects his wife (Jill Ireland) of infidelity. When one day an amnesiac (Charles Bronson) is brought to his clinic, Jeffries takes him home and effects a plan by which the amnesiac is led to believe that it is his wife who is unfaithful and that he must kill her lover.

It is all presented and directed in a run-of-the-mill manner, with Anthony Perkins looking so handsome that one wonders why his wife disdained him for the lover (Henri Garcin), and Charles Bronson very uncomfortable in a role that calls for more acting and less action than he is used to.

Arsenal's George Armstrong, third from right, leaps over Huddersfield goalie Gary Pierce to score the winning goal for the defending double champions in a match Saturday at Highbury.

## Ryun's strategy pays off in win over Keino in California mile

WORLD record holder Jim Ryun, making his first start of the indoor season, raced a strategic mile Saturday in the Sunset Invitational track meet to defeat Kenya's Kip Keino in 4:06.8.

Neither Ryun nor Keino wanted the lead for the first half-mile and let John Lawson of the Pacific Club set a slow pace of 1:13 seconds for the initial quarter and 2:10.5 for the first 880.

Ryun then took the lead and Keino moved up from last place to challenge at the three-quarter-mile mark where the ex-Kansas flash was timed in 3:10.5.

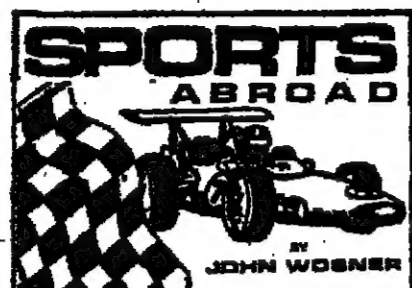
Ryun had too much kick for his African rival, who won the mile at San Francisco Friday night, and held off Keino through a first final quarter in which the American was clocked in 56.3 seconds.

At the same meet, world 400-metre record holder Marilyn Neufville of Jamaica, tore an Achilles tendon and will miss the Olympic Games in Munich. Miss Neufville suffered the injury while competing in a 500-yard race. She shattered the world record by seven-tenths of a second when she clocked 51 seconds in the Commonwealth Games two years ago, and was a strong favorite to win an Olympic gold medal.

The 18-year-old athlete was the centre of controversy last year when she announced that she wanted to run for her native Jamaica in the Olympics instead of Britain where she had lived for the past six years.

She left Britain to live in Kingston last June so that she could be eligible to run for Jamaica in the Olympics following a new ruling which reduced the residential qualification from three years to one.

CHESAIRE's Peter Osgood scored a vital goal Saturday and knocked Manchester United off the top of the English First Division. Chelsea upset United 1-0 before a crowd



of 56,000 at Manchester's Old Trafford Stadium.

Leeds and Manchester City both won and moved into the joint leadership of the championship race with 26 points from 26 games. Manchester United, who have led the standings for months, dropped to third place with 23 points. Francis Lee scored his 24th goal of the season to help Manchester City to a 2-1 away win over Crystal Palace. Alan Clarke scored Leeds' winner in a 1-0 success over Sheffield United at home.

Other results: Arsenal 1, Huddersfield Town 0; Everton 2, West Bromwich 1; Newcastle United 3, Tottenham Hotspur 1; Nottingham Forest 1, Leicester City 2; West Ham 3, Derby County 3; Wolves 0, Liverpool 0.

The standings after 26 games: 1. Leeds, 26 points; 2. Manchester City, 26 (Leeds has a better goal average); 3. Manchester United (33); 4. Derby (34); 5. Sheffield United (32); 6. Wolverhampton (32); 7. Arsenal (31); 8. Tottenham (29); 9. Chelsea (28); 10. Liverpool (24); 11. Stoke (23); 12. West Ham (24); 13. Everton (23); 14. Coventry (23); 15. Newcastle (22); 16. Ipswich (22); 17. Southampton (20); 18. Huddersfield (20); 19. Crystal Palace (18); 20. West Brom (16); 21. Nottingham Forest (15).

### TENNIS

AMERICANS Clark Graebner and Tom Gorman won the \$1,000 doubles prize in the Rothmans International indoor tennis tournament in London Saturday.

The Americans, who paired up to go for the first time, beat former Wimbledon champions Bob Hewitt and Fred McMillan of South Africa 6-7, 7-5, 6-4, 5-8, 6-4 in a final lasting two hours 35 minutes.

Hewitt and McMillan, the top seeds, had every chance of clinching the match in the fifth set, in the ninth game. But they could not hold off the Americans.

Later in the evening, Cliff Richey, 26-year-old Texan, outlasted Graebner to win the \$3,250 first prize.

Richey, one of the biggest earners on the independent circuit last year, won the 185-minute final by 7-5, 6-7, 7-5, 6-0. For well over two hours it was a close, tense match but mid-way through the third set Graebner started to tire.

Graebner had earlier complained about having to play the singles final after the doubles match.

### RACING

BRITAIN'S reigning world champion Jackie Stewart, pacing off a strong challenge of several international aces, convincingly won the 200-mile (321-km) Argentine Grand Prix Sunday and first points for the 1972 Formula One world title.

Stewart, driving a Tyrrell Ford, took the lead from the start and won by more than half a lap from New Zealander, Dennis Hulme, driving a McLaren, at the finish of the 66-lap race over the Buenos Aires Municipal Autodrome's 3.345-km (2.1-mile) track.

Jacky Ickx of Belgium and Clay Regazzoni of Switzerland, both in 11-cylinder Ferraris, placed third and fourth, almost one lap behind Stewart, followed by Australia's Tim Schenken in a Surtees.

## WELCOME OPERATION ISRAEL No. 8

By LOUIS A. PINCUS

Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive

ON behalf of the Jewish Agency for Israel, I am happy to welcome the United Jewish Appeal's Operation Israel No. 8.

This past year has been one of historic significance in terms of solidification of the entire Jewish people around Israel. The struggle of Soviet Jewry, indeed the courage and fortitude of our brothers under oppression in both the Soviet Union and Arab states, has played an enormously important part in helping us to strengthen and define our purpose. The reconstitution of the Jewish Agency and its far-reaching ramifications strengthens the Jews of the free world in terms of responsibility and cooperation far beyond any formal agreement.

We will need to draw heavily on these sources of strength during the coming year, for despite the fact that we have brought more than 150,000 new immigrants to Israel since the Six Day War, the rate is increasing and we must be ready for every opportunity whenever it

arises. Despite the magnificent achievements we have registered in housing and settlement, in education, in health and welfare services, we have much to do. For the task of unceasing vigilance in a no war, no peace atmosphere and the rising costs of the defence burden, make it imperative that we rise to the ever-increasing responsibility of meeting the human needs of the people of Israel. The period has long since passed when the Israeli taxpayer could help meet these costs.

This is a heavy yoke of responsibility, and it is up to you to understand the nature and dimension of these needs in the light of the situation that confronts Israel's people today. It is up to you to interpret these needs to the members of your home communities, and to emphasize your interpretation with your commitment.

That you have accepted this yoke of responsibility bears us no small measure of comfort, and underlines your unwaver-



ing devotion to the people of Israel. That you have joined us in our struggle means simply that we shall face it as a united Jewish people.

### Mission Participants

Mrs. Elaine Siris, New York City — Mission Chairman

Mrs. WILLIAM ABREMS, New Orleans  
Mrs. MILES J. ALEXANDER, Atlanta  
Mrs. MARY ABONOFF, Tucson  
Mrs. DAVID BARTON, Harrisburg, Pa.  
Mrs. LEONARD B. BERGER, San Francisco  
Miss ANNE S. BLACK, Eastern Union County, N.J.  
Mrs. BERNARD BLOCH, Tucson, Ariz.  
Mrs. ROBERTA BRACKER, Nogales, Ariz.  
Mrs. S. ALEXANDER BEALOVE, Eastern Union County, N.J.  
Mrs. ELLIOT BRAND, New Haven  
Mrs. STANLEY D. BRAUN, Chicago  
Miss MARILYN BROWN, South Bend, Ind.  
Mrs. RAIL BROWN, South Bend, Ind.  
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## Readers' letters

### Outlets of expression

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — "The State of Israel... will devote itself to developing the land for the good of all its inhabitants... It will rest upon foundations of liberty, justice and peace as envisioned by the Prophets of Israel. It will maintain complete equality of social and political rights for all its citizens." (From Israel's Declaration of Independence).

Notwithstanding the fact that we were raised on the ideals espoused by late 19th- and early 20th-century Zionist thinkers, we came to Israel in partial realization of the existent discrepancy between the stated goals of Zionism and their present application. Moreover, this realization has been reinforced by our living here, so that any misconceptions we may have held about the unky of theory and practice have been discarded. We came, then, not expecting Utopia, but wanting effective and active participation in the life of the Jewish people.

We now realize that we cannot

reach even these modified goals. We write this letter on the eve of the opening of the 28th Zionist Congress, at which time an attempted peaceful demonstration by the various factions comprising the young left was violently suppressed. The reason for the organization of the demonstration was centered on criticism of the financial priorities of the Zionist Congress. That is to say, the demonstrators felt that if money is to be spent on "...developing the land for the good of all its inhabitants..." a fundamental restructuring of priorities is necessary. The demonstrators believed that money is often squandered in world Zionist activities and that this money should be redirected to the solution of the all-too-apparent social inequities within Israel.

We believe that the contention of the demonstrators was and remains valid. However, the verity of their contention is not so much the issue here. Rather, we abhor the unnecessary intervention of the police in a situation which demands a vigorous exchange of ideas. A forum for this exchange is not provided within the framework of the Zionist Congress; it was not allowed to take place outside of the Congress; in fact, such an exchange is never allowed to take place in Israel.

We feel the responsibility to turn to this last remaining outlet of political expression. However, we in no way deem this a substitute for the right of free speech.

ROBERT BRYM  
MERLE ROTHER  
ROSE JACOBSON

Jerusalem, January 18.

### 'POLITICAL BIGAMY'

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — Lately the problem of special facilities granted to new immigrants and the resentment it can cause amongst the local residents, is being widely discussed from various angles in the press and TV. I think it is important to bring into this discussion another aspect of the problem which until now has not been mentioned, namely, the fact that many new immigrants from Western countries remain citizens of their countries of origin in addition to becoming citizens of Israel.

Such a person, holding a foreign passport as well as an Israeli one, has all the advantages of two worlds. In Israel he can enjoy all the facilities granted to a new immigrant — and he can travel all over the world (including Arab countries) using his second passport, and if in trouble, can appeal to his second government. He can vote in the elections to the Knesset and he can also vote for his other government, if he happens to be in his home country at election time.

In my opinion, such political bigamy is undesirable for Israel. Even if the foreign countries do not mind such an ambiguous double citizenship, we, in Israel, should realize that it is not healthy for our young State; it undermines the importance of our statehood and it revives the status of the Golem's wandering Jew. Israel is the terminus where the wandering Jew, at last, unpacks his bags and throws them into the sea. This is the main attraction of Israel — the feeling of "home-at last!" Dual citizenship negates this feeling.

One of the reasons why Israel had the strength to withstand all the dangers and difficulties of its short and turbulent history, was the feeling shared by the whole population that there was no alternative. The dual citizen, by refusing to burn the bridges behind him, cannot truly share this feeling.

I do not suggest that the dual citizenship should not be allowed in Israel. Each immigrant should be free to choose whether he wants to remain citizen of his country as well as being an Israeli citizen. What I do suggest is that special privileges should be granted only to those immigrants who relinquish any other citizenship.

S. ROSOFF

Haifa, January 17.

هكذا من الداخل

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## How to report the Middle East

LEXIKON POLITI-SHEL HAMIZRAH HATCHON BAME'AH HA-ESRIM (Lexicon of the Middle East in the 20th Century). Edited by Ya'akov Shimoni and Eviatar Levine. Tel Aviv, Davar. 352 pp.

Reviewed by Peter Eiman

THIS well-produced volume is intended to meet the needs of the man in the street and provide him with background information about the countries, the political major personalities of the entire Middle East in the present century. In some 300 double-columned, closely but legibly printed pages, the editors have managed to pack in a surprisingly large amount of facts, right down to the end of 1970. Added to this, the book is plentifully supplied with relevant illustrations, maps and statistical tables, all happily enough at the right pages. It should serve as a very helpful reference book for the intelligent observer of the Middle East scene.

The great problem is books of this kind, especially when they deal with a region such as ours, where the tempo of events and the changes of political balance and leadership are so rapid and at times confusing, is to decide what to include and what to omit. Any choice that may be made will not meet the approval of all. It would therefore not be fair of me to pick out particular omissions which I think I have come across. On the other hand, in the more or less "stable" matters of inter-

est with which I am familiar, I have found little to quibble about. Room has very rightly been found for evaluations of the regional interests and policy of the great powers, with enough of the historical background to help make them comprehensible and perhaps also to chart their probable future course.

While the entries about individual persons are necessarily very selective and perfunctory in content, the major basic topics are treated with considerable thoroughness. Above all, the treatment is admirably objective, a feature which deserves particular mention. The editors are justified in their claims in this direction. One should add that all the contributors are Jews.

The editors also claim that so far as they are aware this is the only publication of its kind in any language. Since so much prejudice, ignorance or at the best misunderstanding marks discussion of the local situation, especially where Israel is most closely and vitally concerned, it would seem well worth considering wider circulation of the book in other languages at a reasonably low price.

## ... and how not

THE MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA 1971-72: A Survey and Reference Book, 18th Edition, London, Europa Publications. 903 pp. £7.50.

Reviewed by Meron Medzini

THE appearance of another reference volume of the respected Europa Publications editions is an important event. As usual, the present volume is up to date, generally accurate, full of information, and presented in a readable manner. I have always been impressed by the thoroughness and detailed coverage of the countries in our region.

Yet there are a number of flaws which become apparent after careful reading of certain sections. It is hard to escape the feeling that there is an unfriendly attitude to Israel. This country is described as the main element in the present day politics in the Middle East (p.15) to the exclusion of other weighty factors such as Soviet involvement, the inter-Arab struggle and internal Arab developments.

In treating terrorist activities and camps the word "alleged" is often used: the major Fatah base at Karamah which Israeli forces raided in March, 1968 is "alleged" to have been a guerrilla camp.

Arabs of the administered areas are referred to, according to convenience, now as "Palestinians," then as "West Bank Jordanians."

The author of the general introduction summing up "The Year in the Middle East," who signs himself only "P.F.," has decided that "the idea of a Palestine state has faded and all that Palestinians can look forward to is a second class existence in either Israel or Jordan."

This statement is not explained, and certain basic facts concerning the West Bank, such as the Open

Bridges and the extensive commercial and other traffic across them, are barely mentioned.

P.F. also writes that Israel's counter-terrorist action last August "led to a call by the guerrilla organizations for a seven day general strike in August, which was widely observed by Palestinians." It was not.

Concerning Israel's economy "W.R.F." writes:

"The advances achieved both in agriculture and industry have been very great but some restriction of consumption of food and clothing is still necessary."

Rationing in Israel ended in 1958. The bomb in Jerusalem's Ben Yehuda Street in February, 1948, which killed more than 50 Jews, is called an Arab and not a British bomb by one "E.B."

There is little on the Arab invasion of new born Israel in 1948.

The Jordanian attack on Israel on June 5, 1967 is elegantly and positively described by the same E.B. as "Jordanian forces left their defensive positions."

E.B. also comes up with an interesting explanation as to why we have a unicultural parliament: "The extreme buoyancy and self-confidence of Israel's leaders led them to create a single-chamber assembly."

These examples are annoying, but they do not detract from the general usefulness of the volume. The bibliography could be updated and some judicious revision.

## Poetry: belief and meaning

BERNARD Kops' poems in "For the Record" are, at their worst, precisely that: editorial assertions of the poet's proper feelings. He ends his poem, "Russia — Holter Than Thon Russia" with poetically weak sarcasm:

Russia / Holy Russia / Holter than Thon Russia / You dare, / you bloody well dare, / Oh Russia, / you make me sick /

Something far stronger than slangy sickness seems required to conclude the poem's listing of Russia's betrayals of Jewish and Czech minorities, its signing the pact with the Nazis, and its "plans" for Tel Aviv and Jerusalem in 1947. While Russia is all he says it is, I don't think the poem either creates my belief or even directs it with emotional intelligence.

At his best, as in "Whatever Happened to Isaac Babel?" Kops merges his public and political themes and manner with his biographical achievement of maturity, by contrasting his own youthful left-wing idealism with the enthusiasm of today's youthful "sitters down for peace" in the "windy Judas corner" of "Slogans square." Isaac Babel was betrayed and forgotten, by Russia and the liberals, in his youth. So he says to the elegants:

I think often of Isaac Babel, / of his untimely death, / And as I walk away from you / I know that I am all full up / I am all full up with people, / I have no vacancies.

Compare the quiet desperation of the next line — "Suicide at forty would be mere exhibitionism" — to "Oh Russia, you make me sick," and I think the difference becomes clear between journalistic verbiage and the poetry deriving from personal involvement with public issues which marks Kops at his best.

★ ★ ★

JASCHA Kessler's poems focus on the psychological devastation of unnamed persons and their usually unsuccessful attempts at reconstructing their lives "After the Armies Have Passed." His armies are primarily allegories of destructive emotional forces operating on a battlefield between two lovers, the casualties being restricted to a very narrow circle of friends. Unfortunately, the causes of war are rarely if ever made clear, with the result that the devastation oddly enough seems insufficient suffering for characters who seem gratuitously nasty rather than pathetic or tragic.

In "After the Party," only the speaker is awake in a smoke-filled room at early morning where the other party-goers are "sprawled, stale and stupid / in the trash of broken bones / they would never need again." If this insult is not gratuitous, the speaker's situation and character must be established as different and superior. Yet as he climbs the stairs to a rendezvous with his beloved, he turns to look down on them "only once to look at what we had been doing..." So he too did the same, was no different. His virtue is perhaps only that he is awake, while they're in a drunken stupor.

But someone else is awake: "somewhere (I.e. in the third stanza) a girl sobbed / softly and beyond control." So he's not unique, only impervious or as yet unravaged. Upstairs, the speaker proceeds

"down that strict black hall / past exhausted bedrooms / towards the malicious door / that had resisted... (his) strength / till now — when it was so late / when it swung in like a trap / upon your naked laughter."

Aside from all the personified architecture, and abstracted nakedness, the question remains, as in

FOR THE RECORD: Poems by Bernard Kops. London, Secker and Warburg. 64 pp. £1.50.

AFTER THE ARMIES HAVE PASSED by Jascha Kessler. N.Y., New York University Press. 64 pp. \$4.50.

CONFORMED TO STONE by David Jaffin. N.Y., Abelard-Schuman. 32 pp. \$2.50.

SELECTED POEMS by Dannie Abse. Oxford University Press. 95 pp.



DANNIE ABSE

most of Kessler's poems: what justifies the speaker's tone of superiority, especially when the allegory has failed to make the tawdry situation coherent, let alone significant.

★ ★ ★

DAVID Jaffin's poems in "Conformed to Stone" deal like Kessler's with the psychological subtleties of the heart. And we don't have to worry about failures in either characterization or allegory, for those techniques just don't appear. His range and technique are more limited than either Kops' or Kessler's, but within it, he does — unlike Kessler — have some success.

Though all in a very minor key, one can summarize his images (and thus his perception of the external world) as birds, leaves, winter, autumn, sun, grief, sea, snow, pain, flight, and light. These nouns, moreover, are rarely particularized. Once they may have been crows, oakleaves, dust-snow, dead sea, cordials, or green moonlight. But not any more. The world has been abstracted into classes. When his poems come alive, their life is usually found neither in nouns nor in verbs, but in

We can see this even in his best poem, "The Quiet Within." Here the images are meat between a plain brown-bread statement beginning and ending the poem: "the pain of the quiet within." Between so abstract a framework, his adjectives do "flash out... into power..." "The piercing (dying) sun in the sickled

shadow of winter, birds thrown to the sharp winds against the unbroken sea, the snow high in the dark." (This, taken out of the stanza-form, is the poem.) For my taste, I find the world too "conformed to stone," too quickly swallowed back into the mind's intellectual and emotional stasis. Even here, at its best, it seems like such an enervated pain, a very little thing. However much beautiful and always sad, a pebble instead of a boulder, a cliff or a mountain of the heart.

★ ★ ★

DANNIE Abse's "Selected Poems" seems to me to contain most of the other's virtues with almost none of their vices. If one compares, for example, Kops' "Whatever Happened to Isaac Babel?" with Abse's "After the Release of Ezra Pound" where both poets' private feelings are expressed in a public and political context, one finds Abse emphasizing the public importance of his personal disgust at Pound's silence about his complicity in the death of those the Fascists and Nazis killed. One of Abse's friends wrote a poem asking "the ancient Hebrew poets to forgive" Pound's faults, invoking Walt Whitman and Thomas Jefferson. I assume as defenders of freedom of speech and thought. Addressing his friend, Abse turns this freedom around bitterly:

Why, Paul, if that taking distance between us were merely a journey long enough to walk the circumference of a Babel / Walt Whitman would have been eloquent, / and Thomas Jefferson would have cursed.

Although Abse's allegories, unlike Kessler's, work, even at their most complex, as in "The Shunters," I find a kind of limitation in Abse's poems similar to that in Jaffin's. Where Jaffin restricted his images to a few recurrent nouns, thereby narrowing his world of reference, Abse restricts his speakers to carefully delimited roles, thereby narrowing the depth of expression and variety of tone available to his poems. Lover, poet, middle-aged man, Jew, whimsical satirist, passionate observer — never really confessional, never really passionate, and yet he always seems to be going in that direction. At times he pulls off very powerful results by an apparently unprepared shift from formal role to human being behind it, as at the end of "Interview with a Spikri Kessler." The speaker is a satirical journalist, but he concludes:

Let him, in faith, stare on, / I leave his trade, / the disease and the sanctimonious lie / that connect cure the disease. My next, / bring healthy, / I am not / mortal the night my father died. Both doctor and son appear here suddenly, as human being behind the interviewer, and force a re-examination of the earlier parts of the poem, which at least minimally support their emergence here.

For conclusion I shall simply assert that I wish Abse would move out of the "roles" for a while, for I think they are limiting his development as a poet. It's time for him, and me, to go elsewhere.

Dr. Sherwin is Lecturer in English Literature at Bar-Ilan University.

## Two basic books of Jewish geography

THE TRAVELER'S GUIDE TO JEWISH LANDMARKS OF EUROPE by Bernard Postal and Samuel H. Abrahamson. N.Y. Fleet Press. 342 pp. \$3.95.

THE JEWISH TRAVEL GUIDE 1972 by "Green Flag." London, Jewish Chronicle Publications. 336 pp. 50p.

Reviewed by Geoffrey Wigoder



The 11th-century "Rashi Synagogue" in Worms, West Germany.

THE Jews are really one large fraternity. They can travel anywhere around the world like any other tourist — but let them meet another Jew (and much of the fun of travelling is in identifying other Jews and engaging in what is known as "Jewish geography") or in Hebrew, "mishpachalogs," and they are at once at home. Partly this has a historical basis. There was a time when journeying was particularly hazardous for any Jew and the home of a coreligionist was welcome shelter. Moreover, the Jew had the greatest difficulty in being observant on the road and wherever possible sought out a Jewish environment where he could obtain kosher food and pray in a synagogue. But apart from the necessity, there was a natural interest in finding out about Jewish communities in each place visited. The authors of Jewish travel literature throughout the centuries devoted more or less space to their general impressions — but they never failed to give a detailed picture of the Jews they met and their way of life. And today, too, for many Jews on their journeys, the Jewish angle provides an extra perspective.

Most of these will seek out the major sites of Jewish interest: the Arch of Titus in Rome, the synagogue in Florence, the ghetto in Venice, the Altneuschul in Prague, the Rashi Synagogue in Worms, the Warsaw Ghetto monument. A minority will make a point of looking for the many minor sites. Some will attend synagogue services (including many who do not do so at home). Others will look for a kosher restaurant (one suspects that for Jewish tourists in London the Kedassia Restaurant is more of a draw than Westminster Abbey).

The two books under review are intended to serve the Jewish tourist with all these addresses in his pocket.

No Jewish tourist should feel lost with all these addresses in his pocket.

## PSEUDO — PHILO

THE BIBLICAL ANTIQUITIES OF PHILO. Translated by M. R. James, with Prolegomenon by Louis H. Feldman. Appendixes and index. New York, Ktav. 449 pp. \$19.95.

THE work under review is another fine volume in the admirable Ktav Biblical Studies Series. It is the pseudographical "Biblical Antiquities" supposedly written by Philo. By most authoritative accounts, the composition is considered to be "our oldest substantive Midrashic work" and "one of our most important sources of information for Jewish ideas and beliefs of the early Talmudic period." The work, neglected for centuries, is generally dated to late in the first century C.E. As such it is of additional significance for the contemporary light it may shed on early Christianity. The anonymous author's subtitle reads: "The history of Philo, from the beginning of the world to King David," and, to apply a contemporary term, gives us the "highlights" of this time-span in Midrashic style and content.

The present volume is actually a reprint of Montague James' pioneer 1917 English translation of the Latin, containing his excellent introduction, notes and appendixes, all of which have aided in maintaining the primary importance of his work for all students in the field. The author of the new Prolegomenon, Louis Feldman, is Professor of Classics at New York's Yeshiva University and noted among other things for his English translation of books 15-20 in the Loeb edition of Josephus' "Jewish Antiquities." Prof. Feldman claims to have provided us with the completest possible bibliography.

DAVID SOLOMON

### Books in Review

Pages 25-27

Every Tuesday and Friday

Edited by Moshe Kohn

### Literary Calendar

JERUSALEM

Beit Hulel, 4 Balfour

Tues., Jan. 25, 8.30 p.m. — "Book of the Month Forum": Discussion of the latest work of the Jerusalem poet, Zedek, winner of this year's Brenner Prize, with the participation of the poet herself and Dr. Ezra Fleischer, Dr. Ruth Carlen-Bloom, Mrs. Agi Elime, Avraham Adarot, and Aharon Korman.

★ ★ ★

Little Gallery, Near Artists' House

Thurs., Jan. 27, 9 p.m. — Isaac Fisher will read English translation of poems by Jerusalem poets Yehuda Amichai, Haim Beer, T. Carmi, and Dan Paglia.

★ ★ ★

Beit Hasefer, Old City (Yeshivat Hakotel Compound)

Wed., Jan. 26, 8.30 p.m. — Meeting with and reading and discussion of the works of Canadian poets André Belloin, Jacques Godbout, Fernand Ouellette, and Jean-Guy Pilon. Chairman: Aharon Amir, Editor of "Keshet."

★ ★ ★

Sun., Jan. 30, 8.30 p.m. — "Jewish Folk Songs of Galicia": Mr. Avraham Harman, Free, Hebrew U.; Prof. Haim Beinart, Head, Inst. of Jewish Studies; Dr. Issachar Ben-Ami, Dir., Folklore Study Centre.

★ ★ ★

Tues., Feb. 8, 8.30 p.m. — "Siegfried Consciousness or a Whole Eretz Yisrael": discussion by novelist-critic Eliahu Ben-Ezer, author of the recent novel "Le Lagiborim-Hanilbanim" and poet-novelist Yitzhak Shalev, author of the recent novel "Tzi Haselek."

Transport to and from Beit Hasefer by Taxi Israel, 11 Hahistadrut (corner Ben-Yehuda). Parking space.

★ ★ ★

TEL AVIV

U.S. Cultural Centre, 71a Hayarkon

Mon., Jan. 31, 8.30 p.m. — "Without Marx or Jesus: The New American Revolution Has Begun" by Jean-Francois Revel, discussed by Dr. Eugene Weiner, Chaim, Haifa, U. Sociology Dept.; Dr. Mattityahu Peled, Lecturer, American Literature, Tel Aviv U.; Dr. Brian Kael-Feld, Lecturer, Pol. Sci., Hebrew U.

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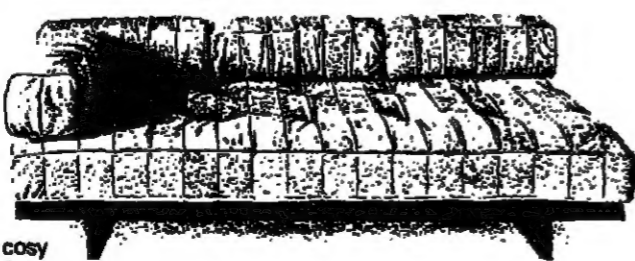
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הכרזת איחוד

# Missing \$97,698: Still questions

By HIRSH GOODMAN  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

THE missing \$97,698 has been found. What was still not clear was the will of the Netel Netel affair, concluded its discussion yesterday, was where the money had been, and how and why it got where it did.

Last week, during the testimony of Mr. Eliaz Miron, a director in the foreign prospecting company Midbar, the Commission heard that Mr. Mordechai Friedman, the general manager of Netel Netel, owed Midbar, which had bought his private car company Continental, \$97,698. Mr. Miron also said that later in March of this year, Mr. Friedman had written off the debt in favour of Mr. Friedman, and that this money later — in December 1971 — appeared at the Ministry of Defence in the form of a donation.

The question arose as to why Midbar had decided to write off the debt. Was it, as Mr. Miron suggested, that Midbar had in fact undertaken to pay the Ministry of Defence \$150,000 towards the building of an airstrip at Santa Caterina and had only paid one third of this sum, thus leaving the remainder with Mr. Friedman to be paid at some later date? Or was it a case of "bribery" as claimed by Mr. Ram Caspi, appointed counsel for Dr. David Nevi, the Development Ministry geologist whose original complaint on Netel Netel led to the establishment of the Commission. These questions were supposed to have been cleared up yesterday by Mr. Friedman, who said that he had both Continental's liquidator and Midbar's accountant in Israel.

It would be difficult to say that Mr. Goldschmidt managed to present a clearer picture on what happened than before. If anything, his evidence yesterday only added several more questions.

It can only be hoped that when he appears again tomorrow some of these will be answered.

Basically, Mr. Goldschmidt's version of what happened is this: Midbar bought Continental for \$700,000 in January, 1969. Midbar was a prospecting company, and intended setting up a subsidiary, Midbar Drilling Ltd., to use the equipment which had been bought from Mr. Friedman. This took nearly a year to do and in the meantime Continental, in volume of its own, continued to drill in the Golan on behalf of Mr. Goldschmidt, who was both the liquidator and Midbar's accountant, passing some of the Jewish money from one of the companies to the other.

Information was that Midbar wanted to keep its operations unknown, and in Lebanon used Continental to pay its wages of employees. At the end of this long and complicated process, Continental in liquidation owed Midbar Drilling Ltd. \$97,698, which represented the balance between what had been forwarded to Continental for its services, and Continental's expenses. All this happened in 1970.

The next we hear of the deficit owing to Midbar is in May, 1971, when Mr. Goldschmidt received a telegram telling him to cancel the debt. Then in December, after the Commission started probing the complex of relations between Midbar, Netel Netel and Mr. Friedman's Continental, the money suddenly appeared at the Ministry of Defence — on Mr. Friedman's orders without any official request for the money having been addressed to Mr. Friedman.

Meanwhile, the \$97,698 was invested in a foreign currency account and in shares and securities in Geneva, Mr. Goldschmidt disclosed. During the penetrating questioning of State Attorney Gavriel Bach, it became clear that it was Mr. Friedman — or more correctly Continental — in Geneva, who had been the beneficiary not only from the interest earned by this sum, but also from the fact that the Israel pound was devalued from 3.50 per dollar to 4.20 in August, 1971. The Ministry of Defence received the equivalent of \$97,698 in Israel pounds at the old exchange rate, or \$23,000, as it would be today. Mr. Bach, at no stage did Midbar make it clear, or even mention, that the money it owed the Defence Ministry should be drawn from the \$97,698 written off in Mr. Friedman's favour. Mr. Miron knew about the airfield and the money Midbar had paid to the Ministry of Defence, which ceased operations in Israel in 1970, was no longer obligated to make good the promise for the plane of the money it had offered to donate to the Ministry of Defence.

Mr. Goldschmidt said yesterday that he too had been given no reason why his clients were dropping Mr. Friedman's debt, but that he was only told to wait for further instructions. The fact that the money was being held for paying wards, the airstrip never came up, so, apparently, two Midbar directors, Jim Oaks and Bill Forder, are unaware of the arrangement whereby Mr. Friedman would make of their company's promise to a Defence Ministry. When he ordered the debt cancelled the only reason given by Mr. Oaks was that it was in the interest of Midbar.

When seen in the broader spectrum of Mr. Friedman's relationship with Midbar as the Government negotiator with that company, the word "interest" takes on a different light. Was the cancellation of the debt indeed a "bribe" as claimed by Mr. Caspi, or is Mr. Friedman's statement that at no stage Midbar dependent on Mr. Friedman's "good offices" and thus in no way to gain by bribing him, correct. As stated, what is clear is far is that the money was in Continental's possession in return for the interest in dollars until the money was handed over to the Ministry of Defence in December this year.

When Mr. Bach rested, the questioning was taken up by Mr. Caspi, who hardly had time to get into gear before recess was called. Most of the half hour he had with the witness was taken up by a dialogue between the lawyer and Justice Wilton, discussing what the Justice called a "far-fetched theory" in which Mr. Caspi tried to prove that the sum cancelled by Midbar was not what Continental owed them in March, 1971, but another sum which had been agreed upon in 1969. Midbar, according to the books, said Mr. Caspi, had to collect not \$97,698, but nearly \$88,500 from Continental according to the December 31, 1970 balance sheet, which was the last recorded statement of account before the debt was written off.

Mr. Goldschmidt, who had been under no small strain for most of the morning, took advantage of the debate to regain both his composure and his sense of humour. When asked, in the final question of the day, why the donation had only been made in December, 1971 — after the Commission began its hearing, he answered: "I suppose the hearing had been held in March it would have been made then." Perhaps that was a joke.

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These 24 skydivers, holding hands to form a "star," bailed out of three planes at 14,500 feet over Perris Valley airport near Riverside, California on Sunday to claim the world record, exceeding the previous count of 22 men. They had 70 seconds to get into position before opening their parachutes. Another skydiver took the photo. (AP radiophoto)

## Increase in orders for Arava aircraft

By ZEEV SCHUL

Jerusalem Post Military Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — A foreign air force has filed a "letter of intent" with the Israel Aircraft Industries for the purchase of 18 Arava aircraft (military version). The Jerusalem Post learned from well informed circles here on Sunday. The deal is estimated at some \$3m.

L.I.A. has also received orders for an additional 28 aircraft, but conclusion of all these deals hinges on the credit to be made available by the Government, since L.I.A. is incapable of financing the production on its own. A 20 per cent cash down payment, plus long-term, low-interest credit rates, are considered "normal" in the highly competitive aircraft market. The Post was told by Mr. Goldschmidt, the company's president, that the company's production lines, by the end of this year, production should reach four planes per month.

L.I.A., however, will have to sell some 128 aircraft (at over \$400,000 each) to break even.

The civilian version of the Arava is powered by two Pratt and Whitney (American) turboprop engines. U.S. Federal Aviation Authority licensing for the aircraft is expected by March. The military version does not need any flight authorization.

The L.I.A. management is convinced that it will be able to do much better than break even on both the military and civilian versions of this short-take-off-and-landing (STOL) aircraft, pointing to the success of the Gabriel sea surface-to-surface missile as an example.

The Gabriel missile system, including the launchers and electronics to go with them, have already earned the company some \$30m.

## More flats urged on top of existing Tel Aviv houses

By SARAH KONIG

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. Mayor Yehoshua Rabinowitz yesterday proposed the speedy construction of 5,000 apartments for immigrants in the heart of Tel Aviv, by adding storeys to some 2,000 existing buildings.

Speaking to the City Executive, the Mayor explained that many small two-storey houses were put up during Tel Aviv's first years in neighbourhoods where the construction of taller buildings is permitted today.

He plans to meet with the landlords' representatives this week, explain his plans and seek their co-operation.

A team of City housing experts is to study all aspects of the plan and decide whether the new apartments are to be offered for sale or rent. When they finish their work, a detailed plan will be submitted to the Government. The first phase of this study is expected to be completed in a fortnight.

15 TORA SCROLLS, donated by the Canadian Mizrahi Organisation, were handed over to representatives of Georgian-immigrant communities, Nabl settlement, I.D.F. units and Ezer Mevushanim in a ceremony at Hechal Shalom, Jerusalem, yesterday.

Mr. Goldschmidt said yesterday that he too had been given no reason why his clients were dropping Mr. Friedman's debt, but that he was only told to wait for further instructions. The fact that the money was being held for paying wards, the airstrip never came up, so, apparently, two Midbar directors, Jim Oaks and Bill Forder, are unaware of the arrangement whereby Mr. Friedman would make of their company's promise to a Defence Ministry. When he ordered the debt cancelled the only reason given by Mr. Oaks was that it was in the interest of Midbar.

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## Europe flights more costly

LOD AIRPORT. — Tickets for flights between Israel and Europe will cost about seven per cent more from tomorrow, as a result of currency adjustments.

Only tickets computed in pounds sterling are concerned, since the value of the U.S. dollar has not changed as far as the Israel pound is concerned.

Additional rate increases, including those on flights to the U.S., are expected to go into effect on April 1. (Him)

## Supreme Court denies application for Israeli 'le'om' classification

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on September 22, 1970 (in C.C. 907/70).

The appellant, Dr. George Tamarin, had declared for Population Registry purposes, in 1969, when he came to Israel from Yugoslavia, that his ethnic group (le'om) was Jewish and that he had no religion.

In 1970, after the Law of Return had been amended to define "Jew" as being "someone born of a Jewish mother or who has become converted to Judaism, and has no other faith"; a concomitant amendment of the Population Registry Law, 1965, gave the same definition to a person belonging to the Jewish ethnic group. Dr. Tamarin applied to the Tel Aviv District Court for a declaratory judgment to the effect that his ethnic group was "Israeli".

(He needed some form of public certificate testifying to his change of ethnic group before he could have such change entered in the Population Registry and hence in his identity card.) He based his application on his claim that he no longer felt himself to be ethnically Jewish, as he had felt in 1949, because of the change introduced by the amended law into the concept of "Jew" and that, on the other hand, he considered in all good faith that he was ethnically Israeli and was thus entitled to be recognized as such in view of the majority ruling in the Shalit case (H.C. 58/68, 2 P.D. 23/477).

The District Court dismissed Dr. Tamarin's application on the grounds that there was no such thing as an "Israeli" ethnic group. In his appeal to the Supreme Court, Dr. Tamarin appeared on his own behalf and was also represented by Mr. E. Zichrony. The State was represented by State Attorney Gavriel Bach.

Judgment

The President, who delivered the main opinion of the Supreme Court noted at the outset that he was prepared to assume that the appellant felt in all good faith that he was ethnically an "Israeli" and not a Jew. However, he continued, the appellant's claim that he was consequently entitled to have his ethnic grouping registered as "Israeli" instead of "Jewish" would only follow if he could prove that in fact such an ethnic group did exist.

The President then went on to discuss, in great detail, the appellant's attempt to prove his thesis that in the period of time between the present and the creation of the State of Israel the concept of an Israeli ethnic group had become crystallized, which thesis he had based on quotations from three books: "Israelis and Jews" by Professor Simon Herman, "End of the Jewish People" by Prof. Georges

Friedman, and "American Jews in Israel" by H.R. Isaacs — as well as on the personal statement of a Mrs. Tamar Shrik. At the outset he (the President) differentiated between "interdependence and common responsibility" and "identity". While, he noted, a person may automatically have both an Israeli and a Jewish ethnic identity (just as he may have an American and a Jewish identity) and either of these identities may be of greater or lesser importance in his eyes, identification is a conscious act of association with the Jewish people as a whole, and it is the criterion of "identification" which is important to the question at issue. If, therefore, the appellant wanted his identification and theory to be accepted, he would first have to prove that in Israel there has occurred a separation from the Jewish people and the creation of an Israeli nation which does not identify itself with the Jewish people as a whole, that is, feels no interdependence with that people or any common responsibility for their fate.

That the appellant had most certainly not succeeded in proving any such thing, held the President, could be clearly gathered from the very writings on which he had relied to prove his Israeli ethnic group theory. For while these writings may indicate the existence of parallel Jewish and Israeli ethnic identities, they do not point to any absence of Jewish national identification on the part of any sizable group of people in Israel. On the contrary, the most authoritative and scientifically valuable of these writings — Professor Herman's book on "Israelis and Jews" — deals almost exclusively with the study of the problems of Israeli-Jewish identity, because, as he says, the Jewish identification of the Jews of Israel is taken for granted. This, nevertheless, does not prevent him from finding in the course of his studies of a cross-section of Israeli students, that "there is strikingly present in the majority of students a sense of Jewish interdependence and this is invoked in particular when Jews anywhere are under attack qua Jews... Hand in hand with this feeling of solidarity goes a wide acceptance of the mutual responsibility which exists between Israel and the Jewish communities of the Diaspora."

As to the book, "End of the Jewish People" by the French sociologist, Prof. Friedman, an assimilated French Jew who discovered his Jewish identity for the first time when he visited Israel in 1963, the Jews expressed therein could not, held the President, be said to constitute a competent expert opinion in favour of the appellant's thesis. For all that Prof. Friedman purports to find in his book is that on the basis of his own personal experience — a glimpse from two visits in 1963 and 1964 — he saw clear indications that a new people is being created in Israel which will in the future take the place of the legendary Jewish people. He too, however, found an interdependence between the Israelis and the Jews of the Diaspora, even in 1963-64, before the experience of the Six Day War revealed the strong bonds of solidarity which exist between the Jews of Israel and those of the rest of the world. Furthermore, some of the opinions expressed in his book — such as the indifference of the sabras to the Western Wall and their lack of enthusiasm for their Jewish identity — were later disproved by the reaction of the young soldiers to the capture of the Wall and the re-awakening of Jewish consciousness even amongst certain kibbutz members.

The President then went on to dismiss Isaacs' "American Jews in America" as having little relevance to the matter at issue, and the statement of Mrs. Tamar Shrik, a psychology lecturer (to the effect that she knew lots of young people who regarded themselves as being ethnically Israeli as distinct from Jewish) as constituting no proof whatsoever of the existence of an Israeli ethnic group.

Having found that the appellant had failed to produce proof of the existence of an Israeli ethnic group he could, said the President, have contented himself with that and dismissed the appeal at this stage. But he felt it incumbent upon himself to strengthen his conclusions with some additional reasoning, based on concepts of nationalism and nationhood. In accordance with these concepts, he continued, national self-determination is intended for nations and not for fragments of nations, and if every group and segment were allowed to claim the right to national self-determination, this would lead to the political and social disintegration of the nation as a whole. In the case of the State of Israel, he went on to note, it was established, in the words of the declaration of the Establishment of the State of Israel, that the State is Eretz Israel, by virtue of "the natural right of the Jewish people to be masters of their own fate, like all other nations, in their own sovereign State," and because it "was the birthplace of the Jewish people and here their spiritual,

abandonment of the State, there should be a handful of people — or more — who seek to separate themselves from the Jewish people as a whole and adopt the status of an Israeli nation, this separatist tendency would not be a legitimate and justifiable attempt at nationhood but a fragment of the nation to cause the social and political disintegration of the nation as a whole.

In the light of the above fact, held the President, it must perforce be concluded that when the legislature enacted the Population Registry Law they did not for one moment envisage the possibility of an Israeli ethnic group or the possibility that a Jew would consider himself as belonging to such an ethnic group and ask to be registered as such. When, therefore, a Jew does seek to be registered as belonging to an Israeli ethnic group, he should not be allowed to do so. Israel, only 23 years after the est-

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## Bazak's latest culinary critic rains forks on Israel restaurants

By MARK SEGAL

AVRAHAM LEVI, 36, who founded the Bazak-Israel Guidebook Publishers Ltd. in 1965, last year sold 60,000 copies of the 1971 edition of the Bazak Israel Guide in English, Hebrew, French and German. Harper and Row of New York are selling the Bazak guides to Israel and Rumania and plan to handle a similar volume in Spain and possibly East Africa. Bazak is now working on guides to Yugoslavia and Greece.

Mr. Levi's first venture in the tourist field, back in 1961, was "This Week in Tel Aviv" which has grown from 50,000 copies a year, of 16 pages each, to one and a half million 80-page copies of "This Week" in 1971.

Starting off in a tiny office on Derech Petah Tikva here, the enterprise now occupies an entire building in Kiryat Hamelacha — the Tel Aviv Night Industrial estate bordering on Jaffa, housing a printing plant and all the departments of a publishing company and employing 40 persons.

Mr. Levi has helped set standards for Israeli restaurants by means of the Bazak Restaurant Guide, an integral element of the Guide Book for the past seven years. The award of Bazak certificates by the Tourism Minister has become an annual event setting the tone for professional qualifications in Israel's restaurants. This year's took place last Thursday.

The policy is for a talented amateur to serve as the anonymous taster who decides on the grading of restaurants. This year's selection however will most certainly arouse controversy among gourmets, and among others who go to restaurants.

The taster this year was a Tel Aviv lawyer, Haim Litvinsky, of the family that founded Tel Litvinsky. After studying some of his choices for forks (the degree of excellence)

AVRAHAM LEVI

... founder sees big growth in publications



we may wonder about his judgment.

It simply rains forks in the Restaurant Guide for 1972-3. This restaurant-gor does not see how Mr. Litvinsky would have decided to expand the top place of Israel's restaurants fourfold in one year. Surely miracles don't happen, even in this country. For years Emile Gatlan has maintained his Casba at the pinnacle of our restaurants; all Bazak tasters until now have acclaimed Casba as the only "four fork" establishment in Israel. In Mr. Litvinsky's ratings, there are three others — the Pe'er in Jerusalem and Gelei Gondola and Restaurant at the Top in Tel Aviv. Personally, I think the choice of the Pe'er is indefensible.

Mr. Litvinsky says he visited the 100 restaurants figuring in the Guide during three and a half months and notes that there is only — to his mind — one high-class kosher restaurant "in the grand style," which is the Pe'er. Generally speaking, he finds this country lacking in places to eat good East European food, with such exceptional examples as Lipiski in Jaffa (two forks) and the Dan in Tel Aviv (one fork). How Mr. Litvinsky could possibly give "Mein Mannes Essen" in Tel Aviv two forks is beyond my understanding, especially as its prices are outrageous (IL10 for 2) compared to Casba's IL6 for a couple. That he gave Jerusalem's

"Mandarin" three forks is quite justifiable, but that he gives The Citadel restaurant, also in Jerusalem, two forks is difficult to explain. I was very glad to see that he gave "Versailles" the Tel Aviv (Rehov Ben Yehuda) restaurant, three forks. Jacques Benat who brought his family and his Paris restaurant (in Place Victor Hugo in the Passy Quarter) to Tel Aviv, deserves the award.

As for the choice of Italian-style restaurants, Mr. Litvinsky must have been in an extremely forgiving mood when awarding three forks to "La Barchetta" in Tel Aviv, with two forks going to Alla Gondola in Jerusalem. His decision to give the new Me and Me Italian restaurant in Jaffa three forks is also hard to swallow, particularly when he gives only two forks to Casa Mia, the nicest Italian trattoria in Tel Aviv. Why Mr. Litvinsky should award two forks to the El Mar, the Tel Aviv fish place, is again quite incomprehensible, especially in view of the prices (IL100 for 2).

I also protest at the award of even one fork to Lucullus (in Tel Aviv's Kikar Malchei Israel) where the food was uneatable the last time we were there.

On one issue I am ready to applaud his choice — three forks to Cross of Haifa. Some of his discoveries: Gino, an Italian pizzeria in the Old City of Jerusalem; Gerilza, a strictly kosher restaurant in Jerusalem's Rehov Malchei



### Haifa Port strike ends

By YACOV FREEDLER  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA — The 60 employees of the port's mooring department resumed work at 4.30 yesterday afternoon. Their 48-hour strike was ended in Tel Aviv two hours earlier, when their committee and the Labour Council signed an arbitration agreement with the port's authority.

Under the second, two arbitrators, to be appointed by the two sides respectively, will deal with the port's claim for some IL100,000 in "effort bonuses" for the years 1968-71, during which period they labored in the port's strike.

The arbitrators are to complete their work within a fortnight. If they fail, they will appoint a third referee for a final ruling.

In the port, reinforced crews of mooring and crane department men immediately started moving out the seven freighters which had completed loading but had been blocked by the strike. During the night they were due to bring in eight of the 14 general cargo freighters which were sitting out the strike in the bay.

Full work was due to be resumed on the first shift this morning, but it will be short of the maximum due to absence of the 450 Druze stevedores preparing for the four-day Eid al-Adha, Feast of the Sacrifice.

It is hoped nevertheless that, with an effort, it will be possible to overcome the congestion within a week or so.

### Parl. chief says Europe worried by M-E. conflict but can't intervene

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

It would be neither desirable nor effective for the countries of the European Community to intervene in the affairs of the Middle East. Only the parties themselves can attain peace, if their intention is a permanent peace, and not an imposed arbitration, which neither party wants, and cannot accept.

Mr. Walter Behrendt, the President of the European Parliament, said this in the Knesset yesterday during a luncheon given in his honor by Knesset Speaker Shimon Peres.

But Mr. Behrendt added that the absence of peace in this part of the world was of direct concern to Europe, since the military confrontation might well move over to the continent. Only a balanced policy on the part of the

### Jaffa pupils boycott school in protest at conditions

By SARAH HONIG  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — Hundreds of parents and pupils from the Hanegev junior high school in Jaffa held a noisy demonstration outside the school yesterday, protesting against the conditions under which the youngsters must study.

The school's 700 pupils have been boycotting classes for five days. They say that, although set up three years ago as part of the reform, the school does not yet have its own building, and is spread out over several dilapidated buildings, some two kilometers away from the others.

Mr. Behrendt conferred yesterday with Mr. Gideon Lahav, Director-General of the Ministry of Education and Culture.

The President is accompanied on his visit by Mrs. Behrendt; Mr. Ezer Nard, the Clerk of the Parliament; and Mrs. Nard; Mr. Klaus Fölsch, the President's chief of cabinet; and Mrs. Fölsch; Mr. Heinz Kuby, head of parliamentary documentation; and Miss Kuby.

### Kahane warns of 'holocaust' facing American Jewry

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jewish Defense League leader Rabbi Meir Kahane last night called for an international Jewish "non-party emergency conference" to plan the orderly mass-immigration of U.S. Jews to Israel. Rabbi Kahane warned that a wave of anti-Semitism had already begun building up in America and threatened to engulf the Jewish community in a Nazi-type holocaust.

Rabbi Kahane had hoped to deliver his warning to the Zionist Congress, but the plans were against his participation last week, and his last hope of addressing the Congress was dashed earlier yesterday when the Congress Supreme Court rejected his appeal.

Rabbi Kahane said he knew there would be those among the "fat men" who had established American Jewry who would rebut his warning with statistics showing that there had been no anti-Semitism in the U.S. since the war. But this was only a delusion. Anti-Semitism had ceased in the post-war years because of "the trauma of Auschwitz," because it had been considered un-American, and because the unprecedented economic boom had kept the lower classes contented.

### Mayor denounces vandalism by Hatikva 'fringe'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — Mayor Yehoshua Rabinowitz yesterday denounced Sunday's act of vandalism which brought about the closure of the Kupat Holim clinic in Hatikva quarter. The mayor expressed the hope that the police would soon apprehend those responsible.

Mr. Rabinowitz said in a statement that the vandals who broke into the clinic "represent a tiny fringe group among the quarter's inhabitants."

### Students from Faluja Boys' school in Gaza spend the last days touring Northern Israel as guests of Haifa Municipality, and reversing with Israel youth. The school was at one time an active terrorist recruitment centre.

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Left-wing demonstrators remonstrate with a stoic police officer during a demonstration outside Binyanei Ha'Ooma yesterday, during a session of the Zionist Congress.

### Demonstrator banished till end of Congress

By DAVID LENNON  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Banishment from Jerusalem until the Zionist Congress ends was the condition for the release of one of the persons arrested by the police at the demonstration outside Binyanei Ha'Ooma yesterday afternoon to protest alleged police brutality at last Tuesday's demonstration. The demonstrators were in possession of a police licence and marched from the Hebrew University to the Congress hall.

Some of them spoke with the chief of the Jerusalem Police, Deputy Commander Haim Tavori, and protested against the continued detention of six of those arrested at the earlier demonstration. Mr. Tavori reportedly told them that he was reconsidering the cases against those still detained.

Also present at the demonstration were some members of the Black Panthers, including Sa'adia Marciano and Charlie Bilon, who had been detained by the police prior to last Tuesday's demonstration. They handed out leaflets declaring that they wanted to meet with delegates to the Congress and explain their case on poverty. They are, reportedly, trying to hire a room at the Hebrew University in which to hold a meeting on Wednesday.

### Thanks for Rishon bank guards

Jerusalem Post Reporter

RISHON LEZION — The management of the Israeli branch of Bank Leumi, which was robbed of IL250,000 last December 1 in a dramatic hold-up, has rewarded the men who duelled with the robbers. At a party which was attended by leading citizens and chiefs of police on Sunday night, the Bank presented Mr. Zvi Korfist, who was wounded in the gun battle, with IL4,000, and Mr. Eliezer Tiger with IL3,000.

In addition to the money rewards, the two guards also received gold medals from the Guards' Association.

### Court rejection

The President of the Zionist Congress Court, Supreme Court Justice Moshe Landau, yesterday rejected out-of-hand Rabbi Kahane's appeal against Congress refusal to allow him to address the plenum. Justice Landau cited a statement Rabbi Kahane had given to "Ha'aretz" on Friday (which the appellants would not retract) saying that he had no confidence in the Congress Court. "Anyone who has no confidence in the court and yet appeals to it, is only using the court as a forum for his own ends," Justice Landau said in his judgment.

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## Final liquidation for Autocars; Justice Min. official takes over

By YACOV ARDON  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA — The District Court yesterday ordered the Autocars Company to be liquidated. In no more than 10 words, the court's president, Judge Avraham Schaal, quietly announced his decision before a dozen people, among them lawyers, law officers, reporters, a delegate of the workers of the Tel Company (one of Autocars' three plants), and the young daughter of Autocars' founder and erstwhile director, Yitzhak Shubinsky. The legal coup de grace to the company, which last year had a total turnover of IL180m, and piled up debts of some IL60m, was undramatic.

The petition to wind up the company was first lodged last December 6, by the Pecker Steel Company of Tel Aviv, one of the creditors. They agreed to hold it in abeyance pending an attempt to reach settlement between the provisional liquidator and most of the creditors, who opposed liquidation at that stage, since it could not be established then that this was in their best interest. Judge Schaal gave the temporary liquidator over a month to reach a settlement.

When the petition was brought before the court again last Monday, the mood of the unsecured creditors was entirely different. "Most of them now want the company to be liquidated, and according to the report of the provisional liquidator (advocate Yosef Yashurim) there is cause for investigating the financial obligations of the company secured by collateral," the judge wrote. "I have not heard of a concrete proposal for settling the unsecured debts of

## Ahdut kibbutz queried on gift from Autocars

Jerusalem Post Economic Correspondent

Why did Ahdut, a kibbutz affiliated to Ahdut Ha'avoda (the party which controlled the Transport Ministry at the time) get IL100,000 as a donation from Autocars? This question was put to Mr. Shmuel ("Mula") Cohen, representative of the kibbutz, who testified before the Knesset Economic Committee in Jerusalem yesterday.

Mr. Cohen described what happened as follows: The kibbutz decided to build a memorial garden in honor of members who fell in the Six Day War. The cost, including a monument and swimming pool, came to IL600,000. The kibbutz could not cover all this sum, so we went to Mr. Sapir. He sent us to Mr. Amit (head of Koor Industries), who sent us to Autocars' (Koor was a shareholder in Autocars). Small sums were also contributed by the Sports Authority (IL50,000) and the local District Council (IL10,000).

Mr. Cohen described firmly that Autocars' contribution totalled IL100,000 and not a penny more.

He added that it was devoted entirely and exclusively to the stated project.

Mr. Yigal Horowitz (State List) inquired what financial contributions the kibbutz had made to Ahdut Ha'avoda. Several members protested that this question is out of order and it got no answer.

Mr. Yosef Nachmias, of Koor, Board member of Autocars from 1968 to 1970, is to testify before the committee next Monday.

Addressing the Knesset Finance Committee on the same subject yesterday, Mr. Sapir said that he will be meeting Lord Stokes, head of Leyland British Motor Company, to discuss its financial share in the losses incurred — for they held slightly less than 20 per cent of the stock in Autocars.

(It is learnt that Mr. Sapir is going to the U.S. at the beginning of next month, in connection with the UJA and Bonds campaign. It is not known yet whether he will stop off in England to meet the Leyland chairman.)

## TEL AVIV STOCKS BULLISH

Jerusalem Post Financial Reporter

TEL AVIV — A new wave of buying hit the stock market yesterday, and many stocks made substantial gains, in some cases by as much as ten per cent. The turnover was IL1,648,800, up over the previous day, and of this sum, IL750,300 was in the variables, an unusually high sum.

The market leaders included: Argaman Ordinary (52,000 demanded) up by 12 points to 245 and then it jumped to 268, while Argaman Preferred (47,000) also rose by 12 points in the opening round to 252 and then jumped to 268; Eleora IL6 (46,900) gained 6.5 to 148.5 and then rose to 150, and IL12 Preferred (20,100) rose by 14 to 244 and then to 252; Raseco Preferred (6,000) gained 0.5 to 74.5, and Raseco Ordinary (31,000) rose by two to 53.5 and then to 55; Neot Aviv (47,000) gained three to 54 and then to 55; Africa-Israel IL10 ordinary (33,000) rose by five to 164 and then to 166; Wolfson-Clore-Mayer IL1 (1,000) gained three to 110.5 and then to 113; Bank Leumi (32,000) rose by one to 233; Ata "C" (23,700) gained 1.5 to 116 and then to 118.5, while all the Phoenix shares rose from 2.5 to six points.

Dollar-linked bonds, the index-linked rose. The turnover in bonds was IL2,222,000. The investment dollar remained at IL4.23, but there was no turnover.

In Rehov Lillienblum, the dollar was IL4.40-42, and the DM was IL13.45.

The General Index of share prices rose by 1.52 per cent to stand at 175.44.

## Sharp slide, but then slow

NEW YORK — The market was off sharply in moderate trading yesterday, after a period of constructive, with interest rates coming down and the economy improving.

The number of shares traded amounted to 15,620,000, as declining issues led advancing ones 1,049 to 425. The D.J.I. was down 10.61 points and closed at 896.53.

The decline is seen as result of profit-taking, which weighed on the market in the past three sessions. Profit-taking has been light so far, as indicated by a slowing in trading after the first half of the session.

The new background continues constructive, with interest rates coming down and the economy improving.

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Price on January 24

Unit Price	Market Price	Redemption Price
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ERETZ	99.8	95.2
ETAN	110.42	107.72



## THE WEATHER

FORECAST: Partly cloudy with occasional showers. A cold front is moving in from the west, bringing a 5-7 drop in temperature.

Location	Temperature	Wind	Humidity
Jerusalem	12-18	1-2	60-70
Tel Aviv	14-20	2-3	65-75
Haifa	10-16	1-2	60-70
Beersheva	16-22	2-3	65-75
Netanya	14-20	2-3	65-75
Ramat Hasharon	14-20	2-3	65-75
Bnei Brak	14-20	2-3	65-75
Beer Sheva	16-22	2-3	65-75
Jericho	14-20	2-3	65-75
Tripoli	14-20	2-3	65-75

## ARRIVALS

Mr. Stephen...  
Mr. Israel...  
Mr. Israel...  
Mr. Israel...

## DEPARTURES

Mr. Israel...  
Mr. Israel...  
Mr. Israel...

## 3 more traffic fatalities

A veteran police sergeant who was injured in a road accident two weeks ago died yesterday at Tel Hashomer Hospital. Two other persons were killed on the roads yesterday and Sunday.

The policeman, Zvi Lapid, 53, was driving a police car on duty when he stopped for a red light at the Gheza-Bar-Ilan intersection. A truck driver pulling up behind lost control of his brakes and rammed into the police car, crushing Lapid.

He was buried yesterday in the Kiryat Shalom cemetery with full military honours.

One passenger was killed, and three others injured, when the ambulance they were riding in on the Beersheba road near Moshav Avigdor Sunday evening overturned.

Killed instantly was Yehuda Chivvis, 41, of Beersheba. Yehuda's wife, "Rita", that the driver had swerved off the road to avoid hitting a pedestrian.

A pedestrian, Henry Goldberg, 78, was killed yesterday evening when he was hit by a private car on the Petah Tikva road, near the Neve Ne'eman quarter of Hod Hasharon.

LOCAL RATES HIKES TO BE SPREAD OVER TWO YEARS

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter: Municipal rates will go up, but the rise should be staggered over the next two years. This was the consensus among speakers at last night's Labour-Mizrahi Alignment economic affairs committee meeting in Jerusalem.

In response to pressure of mayors, Finance Minister Pinhas Sapir said the choice was either cutting services or raising rates.

It was the Chairman of the Union of Local Authorities Mayor Pinhas Bilon of Holon, who urged that the rise be staggered over two years with rates going up per family by another 11% to 11.5% a month. The local authorities were 11.5% in deficit, he said.

King David may yet have a tower

Jerusalem Post Reporter: Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kollek indicated last night that a high-rise annex for the King David was not a dead idea, despite the announcement by the hotel's owners that it would not be built.

Addressing a public meeting sponsored by the Association of Americans and Canadians in Israel, Mr. Kollek said the owner's declaration meant that an option had been opened. We can now decide freely whether we want a high-rise or a low-rise building.

Mr. Kollek said that, after public opposition arose over the annex proposal, he had approached the sponsors of the project and asked them to take the sting out of it. The result was an announcement by Mr. Yehuda Federmann that, instead of the proposed tower, the existing annex building would be renovated and a low-rise wing constructed. Mr. Kollek said that outside architects had advised the city that a slender tower at its flank would improve the appearance of the existing hotel building.

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## At the Zionist Congress Israel party politics abroad condemned

Jerusalem Post Staff

The identification of Diaspora Zionism with the political parties in Israel was attacked at the Zionist Congress yesterday by the world chairman of Keren Hayesod-United Israel Appeal, Ezer Shapira, in his address to the plenum.

He said that, since assuming office six months ago, he has been visiting Keren Hayesod workers in various countries, and noted that there is an absence among them of the leaders of organized Zionist groups. At the same time, he found that many of the leaders and workers of Keren Hayesod are preparing for their own or their children's immigration - this "despite the fact that some of them have indicated that they are not Zionists."

When asked what they meant by this, many of them replied with "utter disdain for the unnecessary, increasingly intolerant political operations and manoeuvres of existing Zionist political parties existing in their communities, attuned and allied with political parties in Israel," he reported.

The lack of Zionist leaders among the workers for Keren Hayesod, "and there are some notable exceptions," led Mr. Shapira to say that "it would be a tragic and unforgivable phenomenon if our fellow-Zionists were to interpret the creation of the reconstructed Jewish Agency as absolving them from at least equal responsibility for doing their utmost in rendering financial assistance to the Jewish Agency for all its important operations."

## BOOM FOR RELIGION

Rabbi Mordechai Kaplan, the founder of the Reconstructionist movement in the U.S., told the plenum in the morning that he opposes the belief of French writer Albert Memmi that there is no room for religion in the State of Israel. "The truth is that it is doubtful if our people would have continued to exist without the identification between nationality and religion," he said. "Up to the secularists to seek out traditions moral and spiritual values in order to adapt them. There is room for the co-existence of the religious and the secular, and we should strive to restore the solidarity of all sectors of the people who are faithful to private and public moral values," Rabbi Kaplan said.

The Minister of Immigrant Absorption, Mr. Nathan Peled, said in a debate on aliyah that a disproportionate number of the new arrivals were doctors, scientists, and professional people. This, he said, was not an empty anti-Soviet move, but a real attempt to bring to Israel a world scientific centre, and in this way use the new manpower "for export" of know-how.

Among the audience at the debate increased its representation at this Congress, is pressing for two roll portfolios in the Executive - instead of the one plus one associate portfolio it has now. Mr. Yosef Shapira, World Secretary of Bnei Akiva, said that Mirachi wants the aliyah portfolio (since they say - most olim are religiously motivated), and a deputy, at least to the Ministry of the Youth and Halutz Department. Within Mirachi itself, the fight goes on over the fate of Rabbi Mordechai Krimchik, currently Associate Head of the Aliyah Department. Some party members would like to see aliyah in the hands of Baruch Duvdevani - with Rabbi Krimchik "kicked upstairs" to the post of Chairman of the Zionist General Council. This is the intent of Yitzhak Rafael, M.K.; but the younger elements in the party are loath to let Rafael have his way.

Mizrahi is fighting to keep organization and information in one department - under its aegis, Mirachi is eager to wrest one of these activities from Mizrahi, by splitting them into two departments - as they were previous to 1968.

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## Duke helps replace what Crusaders destroyed

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Three new "immigrants" from England arrived in Israel on Sunday and were immediately taken to their new home - the Jerusalem Biblical Zoo. They were three young red deer, a gift from the estate of the Duke of Bedford.

The deer were flown here by courtesy of El Al.

Zoo director Aharon Shulov told The Jerusalem Post that the deer are, in a manner of speaking, returning residents. Red deer existed in this country during Biblical times, but were killed off by the Crusaders, some 700 years ago.

The Duke of Bedford had presented the zoo with a pair of red deer 15 years ago. They are survived by only one great-grandson. In return, the Jerusalem Zoo had sent the Duke a number of birds and animals, including a pair of Egyptian Vultures. Workers on the Duke's estate, impressed by their Semitic-looking beaks, immediately named the vultures "Nasser."

Shortly after they arrived at the estate the birds died, giving rise to a ribald comment in a British newspaper that they died of grief - over their name.

## Completion of Encyclopaedia Judaica marked

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The publication of the complete Encyclopaedia Judaica was marked at a modest ceremony at Beit Ha'asmat in Jerusalem yesterday. Education Minister Yigal Alon called the Encyclopaedia a great scientific and publishing achievement, saying it is first and foremost a Jewish event.

Hebrew University President Avraham Harman spoke of the special cultural significance the publication has for Israel and the Jewish world as a whole.

Mr. Harman Herzog, chairman of the board of Keter Publishing House, which brought out the Encyclopaedia, read out a letter of congratulation by David Ben-Gurion, in which he expressed his appreciation of the work, although it was written in English, and not in Hebrew.

Mr. Herzog declared the fact that Dr. Nahum Goldhamer, the only surviving editor of the incomplete Jewish Encyclopaedia started in Germany between the World Wars, and an initiator of the present work, could not be present. He also said that work has already begun on a 30-volume series of publications based on the Encyclopaedia, as well as a two-volume condensed version in Russian, designed to help newcomers from the Soviet Union learn about their Jewish heritage.

The ceremony concluded with Mr. Herzog handing the last volume - the index volume - to Acting President Reuven Barkat.

## Georgians off to meet Lubavitch Rebbe in N.Y.

LOD AIRPORT. - A group of 35 recently-arrived immigrants from Georgia left yesterday for New York to take part in a get-together between the Lubavitcher Rebbe, Menachem Mendel Schneerson, and his Hasid followers.

The occasion is the 20th anniversary of the death of the Rebbe's father-in-law predecessor, Rabbi Yosef Yitzhak Schneerson. The proceedings will be broadcast to Hasidim in various parts of the world via radio-telephone.

The Georgians, "adopted" by the Hasid movement, live at Nahlat Hadar in Kiryat Malachi, south of Geder.

At a meeting of the Bureau, Secretary-General Israel Yehoshua urged Deputy Secretary-General Mordechai Ben-Porat to spell out the charges he raised at Thursday's Labour Party Leadership Bureau.

Mr. Ben-Porat had charged that some prominent personalities were financing the anti-Dayan slander campaign by giving big Histadrut advertisements to "Ha'Olam Ha-Zeh."

Mr. Ben-Porat said: "It's most peculiar. All these weeks when you were getting all excited over charging advertising to the 'Ha'Olam Ha-Zeh' magazine."

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## IN THE KNESSET Eban: 'Goal is exodus of every Syrian Jew'

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Foreign Minister Abba Eban told the Knesset yesterday that the struggle to save the Jews of Syria and other Arab lands would know neither respite nor silence, till every last one of them had left for freedom.

In a Government statement marking the third anniversary of the hanging of nine Iraqi Jewish martyrs, Mr. Eban voiced profound appreciation to enlightened governments, parliaments, international institutions and campaigners for human liberty who had struggled on behalf of the persecuted Jews in Arab lands. "We call upon them to intensify this struggle till a just and complete solution is found to the plight of the oppressed Jews," he said.

No room should be left for doubts as to the effectiveness of world protest, Mr. Eban said. Its impact had been proven over and over again. The Syrian Government could not totally ignore international pressures, as its present propaganda campaign proved. And the Jewish victims themselves were encouraged by the efforts being made on their behalf.

World opinion had not been misled by Syrian attempts to cover up the real truth, Mr. Eban said. Foreign journalists in Syria had not been taken in, and Damascus dispatchers

had merely buttressed the resolve of institutions and individuals to show the Syrian authorities that they would have no respite till they released the Jews.

Since the Iraqi hangings, the plight of the Jews of the Arab world had remained permanently on the world's agenda, Mr. Eban said. Action was being taken to save them, which he could not talk about publicly.

After detailing the appalling physical abuse and spiritual repression to which the Jews were subjected, he said that the time would yet come when their courage could be told. They had not yielded, despite the persecutions, and had not remained passive victims of their bitter fate. They had fought to preserve their Jewish identity and their hope for redemption.

The 4,500 Jews of Syria suffered the worst fate of all, in their communities of Damascus, Aleppo and Kamishli, he said.

Mr. Eban listed the protests made in over 20 countries which had centred on the demand to let the Jews of Syria depart. He made special mention of the committee headed by French Senate President Alain Poher.

Later, all factions save the New Communists unanimously approved a motion in the spirit of Mr. Eban's statement.

## Warns of 'Georgia Panthers'

Welfare Minister Michael Hazani warned the Knesset yesterday that it might see "Georgia Jewish 'Black Panthers' in 10 years' time, if the family framework of these immigrants were weakened in the interests of 'so-called progress'."

Replying to the debate on his Ministry, Mr. Hazani said that Georgian communities could be successfully integrated only if they were absorbed in groups and allowed to maintain their traditional family and community structure.

Mr. Hazani also made the following points:

- Between April and November 1971, 3,118 new applicants, representing 10,000 souls, registered for welfare for the first time as a result of a special "Know your rights" information programme;
- 23,000 high school pupils also figured as totally new recruits, under an expansion of the Ministry's services;
- Social welfare units were still inadequately staffed, despite the increase of university students taking welfare courses from 636 in 1969/70, to 908 in 1971/72;
- Because of shortage of places at the Baerwald School in Jerusalem, 154 eligible applicants were denied entry in 1971. Altogether, 466 applied, and only 92 were accepted.

## 'Offensive' motion on Dayan overruled

Allegations that Defence Minister Moshe Dayan's archaeological pursuits involve unacceptable behaviour for a Cabinet Minister should not be debated in the Knesset, Speaker Reuven Barkat ruled yesterday.

Mr. Barkat denied a request for a debate (on a motion for the agenda) by Mr. Uri Avnery (Ha'Olam Ha-Zeh) on the grounds that the terms of the motion were prejudicial and offensive. Mr. Avnery's draft also included other allegations of a more personal nature.

In a press release protesting the ruling, Mr. Avnery recalled that the Knesset once debated an affair involving an exchange of apartments by the late Levi Eshkol, when he was Minister of Finance. The House should be entitled to discuss the behaviour of Ministers and their alleged violation of laws, Mr. Avnery argued.

## Party politics delay Hebron settlement

Applicants for housing in Kiryat Arba, Hebron, who have been awaiting the results of a Ministry of Housing lottery, are becoming victims of a Coalition deal between the Labour Alignment and the National Religious Party.

Alignment Chief Whip Moshe Baran yesterday promised the N.R.P. at a meeting of the Coalition Executive that he could persuade the Housing Ministry to postpone its lottery for the 220 available flats. The N.R.P. object to a general lottery for the apartments because they - and the 30 Jewish families already in Hebron - want to prevent a stable nucleus of non-Orthodox families growing there.

The matter came up at the Coalition Executive, because the N.R.P. has long had a request for a motion on the Executive's agenda about granting self-government to Kiryat Arba. The Alignment had held the motion up, despite N.R.P. grumblings, explaining that the Government would decide how Kiryat Arba was to be run.

## OBSERVER

January 23, 1972

DAYAN: Prospects of Peace in the M.E. and the Future of Israel

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